

# SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

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## Words of the Saints!

By Victor L. Berger.

THE Catholics recently held their annual convention in Buffalo, N. Y. The Socialists, as usual, were bitterly attacked. Several speakers again declared that the Socialists were on a level with thieves because they do not recognize the present "legal" property system.

Other speakers, for instance Archbishop Messmer, acknowledged that Socialism contained "much that is good." But Messmer fiercely assailed the plank in the Social-Democratic platform that "religion is a matter of private concern." This our friend Messmer pronounced godless and wicked, and therefore every Catholic should fight Socialism.

And before we go any further I want to state again that this fight with the Roman Catholic church is disagreeable to us, because it brings in the element of religion into a purely economical and political matter. I am free to say that we would rather run away from this fight if we could. But we cannot, the "holy" church would not let us. So "willy nilly" we must defend ourselves against the "dear old priests."

Archbishop Messmer's argument is not hard to answer, because we do not yet have any state church in America.

We willingly believe that our archbishop and other priests of his type wish that the Roman Catholic church in America was made the state church. He also hopes that this will be done some day with the help of the big capitalists who, whether Protestant, Jewish, or heathen, see in the Roman Catholic church their last bulwark. And we also know that the Rockefellers, Vanderbilts, Goulds, etc., would go right over to the Roman Catholic church if such a re-enforcement of that church were necessary for the preservation of the present system. Even now they are very munificent towards the church.

Yet a state church will never exist in America. To begin with, its establishment would require one of the most terrible civil wars the world has ever known. True, the church has started such wars before. But the fact is, even if the Roman Catholic church allied with the capitalists should conquer once, and even if it should conquer ten times, it could never maintain its rule in the long run.

It has just lost its rule once more in France.

Therefore we should advise our friend Messmer that it would be better for the Roman Catholic church to adopt the Social-Democratic principle, "Religion is a private affair." This maxim is generally accepted in America. And yet the "only holy church" is doing a fine business here. Just consider its growth during the last twenty years.

Furthermore we should advise our friend Messmer not to accept annual passes—we mean annual passes, not clergymen's half-fares—from so many railroads. It looks bad when the archbishop has to shuffle them like a pack of cards before he finds the particular pasteboard that gives him a free ride to Chicago. The archbishop is getting money enough to live like a grand duke—he smokes the best cigars and drinks the most expensive liquors—and he ought to be able to pay his fares. Some unbelievers and heretics might be inclined to consider the "annual pass" as one of the connecting links between the hierarchy and the railroad magnates.

So much for our friend Messmer.

But to the other brothers in Christ who reproach the Socialists with being on a "level with thieves" because they regard the present property system as unjust, anti-social and the source of social disorder, we say this:

Not we, but the capitalists and their defenders stand on a "level with thieves." Capitalist ownership is continuous graft and alienation. The working people have produced all wealth, the capitalists have simply confiscated it and are confiscating it every day.

Of course this continuous graft and "alienation" is now legal and passes for ownership.

The present laws are made just by the ruling class, and in their interest. They represent might, and not right.

And as soon as this sort of thing has gone a little too far for the people to endure, they will surely proceed to restitution.

Our opponents, the capitalists, may call this "expropriation." But we don't care what they call it as long as it is done. And expropriation also sounds well to us.

Just here we wish to explain that the advocates of the new order of society will use the extreme application of their principles—that is, the expropriation of the capitalist class—for the general use, for collective ownership, and not to put other men personally in possession of land, machines and other means of production.

By the way, in former centuries, the holy church often undertook such expropriation of heretics or those who did not follow its blessed doctrines. And this was done for the private use of lords, bishops, cloisters, etc. And usually they took away the children also, after the parents had been killed or driven away.

And the pious in the land always regarded such "expropriations" as godly acts and sang "te deums" and other praises to God in the Roman Catholic churches.

Later on, of course, when in the Reformation period the Protestants played the same game against the bishops and cloisters, the church did curse it as outright robbery.

But then the Protestant preachers on their side thought the deed was good. And they praised God for it and gave thanks.

So the Lord at least was praised any way.

In other words, the thing was always legal, when it was done by the strongest party. And we hereby solemnly promise not to undertake any expropriation until we have the power.

And we will take only "means of production" and we will harm nobody.

And after it is done, those of us who are pious will, no doubt, thank God for it. And the Lord at least will be praised any way.

Moreover we do not have to rummage the history of former times for example and precedents. Even today expropriations are made by the federal, state and city governments, when for any reason they are considered necessary.

In later issues we may take occasion to return to this subject.

But today, for the profit and edification of the brothers in Christ who cursed us in Buffalo, we wish to cite the opinions of the saints on the expropriation question.

St. Luke writes of the Christian community at Jerusalem, "And the multitude of them that believed were of one heart and of one soul; neither said any of them that ought of the things which he possessed was his own; but they had all things in common.—Neither was there any among them that lacked, for as many as were possessors of lands or houses sold them, and brought the price of the things that were sold, and laid them down at the apostles' feet; and distribution was made unto every man according as he had need." (Acts IV, 32-35.)

Now that is clear communism.

Indeed, it was the logical application of the command, "Go sell all that thou hast and give to the poor."

If the communists are in need of a patron saint, they ought to take St. Luke.

The fathers of the church, St. Chrysostom, St. Hieronymus, St. Basil, St. Gregory, St. Clement, and St. Ambrose express themselves with equal clearness.

"It is not without reason," says Hieronymus, "that the gospel calls earthly riches 'unrighteous mammon,' since they have their source in injustice, for one cannot possess them except through the ruin of others. It is even a common saying that they who possess them are rich only through their own injustice or the injustice of those who are poor."

"Socialism is compelling capitalists to become philanthropists, and large employers to purchase a temporary truce by introducing industrial betterment," is the way the *Review of Reviews* puts it.

The capitalist papers are still sticking pins into Bryan's hide. While he makes a surface attack on Socialism, they say, it is only a surface attack, and Socialism is the logical outcome of his latest position. They call him a Social-Democrat in disguise.

So much fraudulent olive oil is being brought into the country that the government has been forced to send an inquiry to its consular offices to secure for it the names of brands of oil put out under the names of fictitious firms or false names. "Thy kingdom come on earth as it is in Heaven!" It will never come under capitalism.

The American capitalist press is borrowing trouble because the trade union congress in England "was captured by the Keir Hardie Socialists." When the unionists get far enough enlightened in economics to become Social-Democrats and this change is manifested in their trade union congresses, it is always a case of "capture" by the naughty Socialists. The plutes don't like the so-called "boring from within" tactics any better than a rabid American dilettante, or I. W. W. assistant dilettante!

They need them in their business! The capitalists who run the people's salmon fisheries in British Columbia for them—the profits all going to the capitalists, of course—have petitioned the Canadian government to reduce the head tax placed on immigrant Chinamen so as to let more of them in, as there is a dearth of Chinese labor at the fisheries. The laborer ought to be worthy of his hire, but capitalism at the fisheries wants all the profits and so has to have the very cheapest possible labor—and ordinary white men are not it. And the fish cost just as much as ever, even though it doesn't "pay" to pay decent wages.

It is reported "from a reliable source" that the United States Steel Corporation, the great controlling corporation of the nation, is already considering the plan of controlling politics direct as well as the finances and manufacture of the country. The plan under consideration seeks to mold the politics of the vast army of employees of the many industries controlled by the corporation by having it generally understood that promotion and better jobs await the men who subscribe to the political wishes of the corporation interests. This new display of strength is, after all, a confession of weakness. It shows the corporation fear of the advancing Socialist conscience of the people.

Gaylord Wilshire is camping on the trail of Mr. Bryan again. Some

### While Bryan's Away!

Lincoln (Neb.) Herald: "Socialism explains the great class-line cleavage that has always existed, since we left savagery. Socialism explains the inevitable, though often unconscious, antagonism of interest between the two classes, and when once the workers become class-conscious—when once they fully comprehend the class struggle—then the end will come. It is related that in the palmy days of the Roman empire the slaves in Rome so far exceeded the citizens in number that a law was passed prohibiting any difference in style of dress between the slave and the citizen, lest the slaves seeing their numerical preponderance, and drawn together by class interest, might rise and take possession of the city. Just so capitalism tries to keep the people in ignorance of the great class division—and this is why the capitalist press becomes so infuriated when it is intimated that there are 'classes' in this country—and this also is why 'sociology' is put to the front in our alleged educational institutions to befuddle and befuddle the thoughtless masses and close their minds to real intelligence."

years ago he offered him a thousand dollars to debate on Socialism with him, but the "boy" orator of the Platte thought fit to treat the challenge with contempt. Now Wilshire offers the idol of radical "Democracy" ten thousand dollars for a debate and has written a letter to the *New York Sun* in which he repeats the offer and says that Bryan cannot dodge now, having in his recent New York speech declared that the right way to meet Social-Democracy was with argument. Wilshire says he is just dying to give Bryan a chance.

It is said that Congressman Littlefield had enemies within his party in his district in Maine who under normal conditions would have turned him down. This is probably what he means when he says that the opposition of Gompers helped him to win his reelection. Under the Gompers attack the factions of capitalism within the Republican party had to work together for a victory over the supposed danger of a "labor" vote. No sympathy attaches to Gompers. He got what he deserved for trying to run the capitalists' party affairs. Labor belongs in its own party, the Social-Democratic party, and the men who make this country great will never govern it until they completely desert the parties of the predatory class.

From all over the land come echoes of Socialism. Almost everybody has it in mind. Men are voting it in increased numbers, while

others who are already sympathetic to it are still casting capitalist ballots out of habit with the intention of making the leap to the new party next time. The newspaper editors who used to be able to scare the people with the word Socialism now find it a word that inspires instead of frightens their readers. The idea of economic justice crops out in most unexpected places and after just the people who would be supposed to be "agin" it are found to be imbued with its righteousness. These are days! Thank your stars you are living at just this momentous time in the history of civilization!

President Van Cleave, of the Citizens Industrial Alliance (the Parry organization) is considerably agitated about the prospects of the working-class voting for others than the representatives of capitalism. Speaking to his fellow-members of the association, he says:

"Let me take this opportunity of impressing on every one 'The duty of the hour,' so to speak. I refer to your vote at the coming election. It is a duty as I have said, and I am proud and glad to know that you, my friends of the Citizens' Alliance will so regard it, but do not, I beg of you, be thrown off your guard by the people or publications, that will pretend to minimize the importance of labor in politics."

"This is a personal appeal. I appeal to you as my personal friends quite as much as I do as your chosen presiding officer. Don't fail to vote. At whatever cost of inclination, consider it a sacred duty to record your vote, whether it be Republican or Democratic, against those enemies of law and order, who, whatever party name they adopt, seek to undermine the foundations of justice in the interest of Socialism or Anarchy."

"You can influence others, your friends and neighbors, your employees. Make it your business to see them and talk of the importance of this coming election, and how necessary it is that there should be the greatest massing of friends of law and order ever known."

Getting frightened all right!

The rank decision of Judge Fowler in the big boycott case in Racine, Wis., is still engaging the attention of the Labor press. Fowler, during the trial, is reported to have made no secret of his class prejudice and by his very demeanor and treatment of the case to have given a flagrant exhibition of a judge who had prejudged the case before him. If the decision were sustained by the supreme court it would mean that the trade union movement in America would have to go out of business.

The suit was begun by the Citizens' Alliance (Parry-site) acting through a baker named Schultz. Schultz had recognized the union and thus gotten a good trade among union men and through groceries

patronized by union men—for Racine is preeminently an industrial city—and then having a cinch on the union trade he appears to have concluded that it would be money in his pocket to go back to cheaper workmen and non-union conditions. When he turned the union down, the union naturally made a stir about it and the word was passed around that Schultz's bread was a non-union product. Union men, as is their custom, thereupon ceased buying it, either direct or through their grocers, and Schultz says his trade fell from one thousand loaves a day to three hundred, which was only what he might have expected. The Citizens' Alliance monkey workers got hold of Schultz, and the suit for \$25,000 was the result. Fowler awarded the baker six thousand, which was certainly high enough. The game of using the courts is a fine one for capitalism, but in that as in everything else, the people will have the final say.

Pres. Eliot of Harvard has on several occasions declared that the strike-breaker is a hero. It was a shameful thing to say, and was only possible for such a man to say because of his capitalist environment and consequent class instincts and over the nation who are waging the age-long fight of human kind for economic advancement. The strike breaker is not a hero, he is a poltroon and a mercenary. Leroy Scott, who joined the strike breaking force of the malodorous ex-race-track shark, Farley, at the time of the subway strike in New York City, thus describes the men he came in contact with:

"The strike-breaker is often regarded as a hero, fighting upon principle against unionism. There may be such strike-breakers, but during my study of them, which lasted through the strike, I failed to find one. There was practically no strong anti-union feeling among the strike-breakers—even among Farley's regulars. 'We're after the coin'—that was the common principle that made them strike-breakers. The majority were very much ashamed of what they were doing. They regarded strike-breaking as low work. They felt they had sunk in undertaking it even temporarily. A number of the more respectable-looking of Farley's regulars, with whom I talked concerning the quality of the strike-breakers, said that about half the

men—one said 60 per cent.—were a 'tough outfit.' \* \* \* I estimated that two-thirds of the men engaged in breaking the strike were unpendable, incompetent or of bad character—utterly unfit for employment involving the safety of human life."

The capitalist press just now is aiding a conspiracy against labor that is a downright shame. The San Francisco capitalists, seeing a chance to get dirt cheap labor for the rebuilding of their town have sent out word that labor is in great demand there, and the newspapers have taken the claim wide publicity. Added to this, a certain railroad is sending out weekly bulletins seeking to restore confidence in San Francisco and making the same dishonest bid for an inflow of workmen. It seems to be clearly a case of getting congested labor market for skinning purposes. The *Socialist Voice of California*, speaking of this matter, says:

"The only scarcity of labor in San Francisco and Oakland to-day is in those lines where the wages are insufficient to allow the men any surplus after they pay the present high prices for the necessities of life. At the present time the cost of living in San Francisco is practically double what it was before the fire, while at the same time there has been no raise in wages except in one or two favored lines of employment such as plumbing. As a matter of fact, the real exploitation of labor in San Francisco to-day is greater than before. This fact in turn gives rise to discontent among the workers; discontent leads to strikes; and the threat of strikes emphasizes to the capitalists the necessity of importing into San Francisco large gangs of labor as the surplus army of the slaves of capital. It is true that there is a condition of great activity in production in the state of California, but it is also true that the state is being overrun with men looking for a master. There never was a time when the masters were in stronger control of the situation for their own immediate benefit than they are to-day."

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Words of the Saints—Continued from first column.

heirs they are." (Words of St. Hieronymus, published by Malongues, Paris, 1678.)

St. Chrysostom denounces the grain usurers.

"The land lay dry, parched by the sun, the fruits could not grow, famine threatened. Suddenly black clouds rolled up, it rained, deliverance came, every one rejoiced—except one rich man. When he was asked the reason, he said: 'I had stored up ten thousand bushels of wheat, and now I do not know what to do with it!'"

"Does he not deserve to be quartered as an enemy of the community?" asked St. Chrysostom.

St. Chrysostom must have received the anarchist John Most with open arms, when he got to heaven.

And the good saint is no less radical where he speaks of property in general:

"For one to use his property only for himself is to rob the poor of it, that is, to play the robber with the property of another, and subject himself to all the penalties which threaten him who steals. What thou mayest keep for thyself is that which is really necessary, the rest belongs to the poor. It is his property and not thine." (St. Chrysostom, Bibliothek der Kirchenväter, Vol. 19, pages 27, 35, 40, 51, and 52.)

St. Gregory says, "The earth is common property of all men; it is vain for those to think themselves innocent who appropriate to themselves alone the wealth which God gave to all men in common. When they do not share with others what they have received they become man-slayers." ("Des Soins et des Devoirs des Pasteurs," XXI, pages 203 and 204, Lyon, 1682.)

Pope Basil the Great proclaimed these truths.

"Art thou not a thief, thou who appropriatest to thyself that which thou hast only received in order to distribute it? If he is called a thief who takes one piece of clothing, can any other name be given to him who, seeing before him a naked man, can clothe him, and yet leaves him naked? The rich have just got into their possession the communal wealth, and make of it private property." (Sur l'Avarice by Victor Meunier, page 23.)

No Socialist could speak with more fervor.

St. Clement makes communism or communistic ownership an article of faith when he says:

"The communal life is a duty for all men. It is injustice which permits one man to say, 'This is mine,' another, 'This belongs to me.' From this has come inequality among men."

Now that is a good deal more than a Social-Democrat ever asked.

In conclusion, also hear the father of the church, St. Ambrose.

"God created all things to let every one enjoy them and to make the earth the property of all. Nature originated communist right, and it is force which has produced the rights of property. Since the earth was given to all in common, no one can call himself the owner of what exceeds his natural needs; what is over and above this, he has alienated from society." (St. Ambrose, Sermon 64 on Luke, Chap. 16.)

Well, this is a small selection from the writings of men who lived in ages when the "rights of property" had not by far such ruinous consequences for the masses of the people as in this century of "culture and civilization."

And we ask our friend Messmer, who has studied church history, and knows his saints as well as we do, whether we have not quoted them correctly?

Let him show us one single misquotation, and we will buy a five-pound candle at Candelmas for the Capuchin church, to be lit before the statue of the saint that we have misquoted.

And of this be sure, dear Christians—these saints, if they were living to-day, would be Socialists.



WINFIELD R. GAYLORD

Social-Democratic Candidate for Governor of Wisconsin.

## The Situation Confronting the American People.

By WINFIELD R. GAYLORD.

Social Progress has always moved along the path which leads away from the anarchism of the jungle battle for brute existence, to the perfected association of humanity and the socialized man.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, whipper in of Congressional slaves for the Masters of the Trusts, says that "Civilization is based upon the hustling individual."

"Billy" Bryan, magnetic twister of popular issues which never arrive, pleads for individualism against Socialism.

Bryan is perfectly consistent with Jeffersonian Democracy, for the doctrine of "the less government the better" was clearly stated by the great founder of the Democratic party.

The obvious logic of Jeffersonian and Bryan Democracy would be: "No government at all is the best of all." But this is also anarchism.

"Fighting Bob" La Follette is pleading for the "regulation" of one man's property for the benefit of another man—the regulation of railroads for the benefit of the people. Now, if ownership means anything, it means benefit to the owner from the thing he owns. So that, to regulate one man's property for another's benefit is illogical—and a contradiction of the very terms of private property.

All of these gentlemen are trying to oppose the coming of Socialism, with arguments taken from the anarchists.

Modern civilization rests upon associated, organized "hustling" whose organization is not only facilitated, but compelled by the giant machines of the modern industrial plant.

Individualism, as a basis for legal enactments, as the cornerstone of industrial, political and social organization must fall even more terribly than it has in the past, as the sum of the things we have



# Is Public Ownership Worth While?

From the "International Socialist Review."

In his article on "Socialism and Public Ownership" Comrade Francis M. Elliott touches upon a most important problem of Socialist tactics. He has well expressed a feeling that is growing upon an increasing number of Socialist workers; besides teaching the general principles of a cooperative commonwealth, we must get into the very thick of our political and economic reality; if we are to rise above the stage of a debating club, and become a political party in fact as well as in name. Barring all theoretical arguments, the policy of utter neglect of the actual, burning problems of the day in one political campaign after the other has cost us thousands of votes in many places. And it is gratifying to see the tide turning, as I judge from the interesting study of "Lapis" on the Railroad Situation in the May number of the *International Socialist Review*, and the article of Comrade Elliott, above mentioned.

In connection with the problem of Public Ownership there is a point or two that seems to need some elucidation.

One is the enormous quantitative importance of this problem, which few Socialists realize. It is the superior contempt which the average "scientific" comrade bears to statistics, i. e., the scientific study of reality that makes him speak of public ownership as a petty superficial problem. A few statistical data will therefore not be amiss:

a) The assets of the street railways, (including the electric interurban railways) of the United States amounting to \$545,132,305.

b) The capital of the gas companies in the United States in 1900 was \$567,000,506.

c) The total capital of the central electric light and power stations is not given, and their capitalization is a very uncertain thing to go by. This is stated as \$627,515,875 in 1902. But to be conservative we shall take the cost of construction as stated; namely, \$504,740,352.

d) The assets of the telephone systems at the end of 1902 were \$452,172,546.

Here are only four groups of franchise capital for which recent and reliable data are available; they do not by far cover all kinds of municipal franchise capital. Yet we are dealing here with \$4,062,000,000 — four billion dollars! A petty problem indeed! And if we go beyond the cities the total rapidly rises.

e) The telegraph system has assets amounting to \$195,503,775.

f) And finally the greatest sum of franchise capital is to be found in the railroad business, the commercial value of which was computed by Prof. Henry C. Adams for 1904 as \$11,244,852,000, not including the Pullman and private cars, which had an estimated value of \$123,000,000 so that the total for railroad property was \$11,367,852,000.

Here we have property to the amount of \$15,430,000,000 for the public ownership of which there is already a tremendous demand in this country. And to better appreciate these figures we want to remember that the total capital invested in manufacturing in 1900 was only \$9,858,205,501, i. e., that the franchise capital of six groups only was 56 per cent. larger than

the total manufacturing capital of this country.

Add to this the enormous mining capital, the socialization of which, as a so-called natural monopoly will undoubtedly be demanded as soon as the properties mentioned are acquired and here is a comparatively easy way to socialization of a larger share of the entire private property.

But is it worth while? the revolutionist impatiently asks, for you do not offer expropriation; you speak of capitalist public ownership, which means acquisition of these properties for a fair price. Where, then, is the benefit?

Whenever I hear this question I very much feel like answering: My friend, remember your principles of your clear-cut, scientific class-consciousness. Socialism, — above everything else, class-consciousness. How long have you been telling us that the interests of capital and labor are directly opposed to each other. And now observe, how violently capital, which is surely more class-conscious than labor in this country, how violently it fights any efforts at public ownership? Don't you think that is strong evidence that there is something in the tendency for labor?

But the problem may be approached in a more direct way. If only you will agree that gradual expropriation is a desirable method, you cannot but become an enthusiast of the public ownership method.

For there is, first, the method of purchasing franchise property, by right of eminent domain, at a fair price, which need not necessarily be equal to the market price. There is your first step at expropriation. Second, franchise property, being monopoly property, must inevitably rise in value, and rapidly. With increase of population, growth of cities, nothing acquires the "unearned increment" as rapidly as franchise capital, and an early socialization, nationalization or municipalization (choose any term you please) means so much surplus value torn from the teeth of the capitalist class.

Third, the gradual reduction of the interest in the bonds issued to purchase these properties, would be as painless a method of expropriation as can be devised.

Granting that the day will come when the Socialist party will wake up and find itself in the majority in both houses of Congress, and with a comrade in the White House, and will then proceed to introduce the co-operative commonwealth, I think the most revolutionary comrade will agree, that the problem will be much simplified if more than half of the actual capital will be in the possession of the nation, though it be through the capitalist class state.

Meanwhile, think what an object lesson these nationalized industries would be! What a stimulus they would give to public life! How much more real political life would be for the average citizen; even the backward one!

One very important political consideration must be emphasized: With the elimination of franchise capital the most powerful stimulus of political corruption will be removed. We Socialists, sufficiently attack the dishonesty of old party politicians, as the temptations that are put forward by franchise capital. And this demoralization reaches far beyond the professional leaders; it permeates the public mind, and does a great deal towards making politics a game of sordid personal interests. And only when our citizens will learn to put class interests above purely personal interests will our propaganda succeed in overcoming the poison of political boodles.

I can hear the hackneyed arguments that public ownership or municipal ownership will only lead to an increase of political corruption, because of the low moral standard of capitalist politicians. But I must emphatically assert, that past experiences do not warrant such pessimism. The cases of corruption in the federal public service are probably better known to the writer of these lines than to the majority of the comrades, yet I doubt very much if all this federal corruption for an entire century equals that amount of public property stolen, say, by the Chicago Street Railway Companies alone. And it stands to reason that in its fight for public ownership the Socialist party must necessarily fight for civil service, the referendum, the initiative and the recall, which will go far toward making our government clean and democratic. And the Socialists have nothing to lose and everything to gain from such a rise of our political morality.

I certainly do not expect public ownership of franchise enterprises to solve the social problem in its entirety. Yet I cannot agree with Comrade F. M. Elliott, when he con-

temptuously speaks of it as "so superficial a remedy." Without being completely at its far from being superficial. And for the following reason: MAY

Fortunately, we are done with the "impossibilist," who thinks the two words "co-operative commonwealth" a sufficient platform for the Socialist party to stand upon. We are not discussing any more the necessity of immediate demands. One need not be a revisionist or a Bernsteinist to admit the feasibility of an immediate improvement in the condition of the working class. And we are not any more frightened by the fetishism of the "iron law of wages." It has been adequately established, not only by English but even the limited American experience in municipal ownership that the wageworker profits by it, both as a consumer and a producer. And the number of workingmen employed in the six franchise groups enumerated, is enormous:

Railways	.....1902—1,002,707
Street Railways	1902—133,641
Gas	.....1900—224,559
Electric Stations	1902—23,330
Telephones	.....1902—64,628
Telegraphs	.....1902—26,718

1,273,835

By this time it is about a million and a half of wage workers. Their improved economic condition is no small matter in itself, embracing as it does almost to percent of the total working population of this country. But as an object lesson, the influence of the raised standard of life and better conditions of work week, undoubtedly permeate the entire American working class.

By no means do I advocate the neglect of our final great aim. But let us not drift into the sweet current of visionary idealism. Let us make our movement a class-conscious movement of the working class in the full sense of the word. Let us not forget that we are not dealing with the German philosopher, who will vote for a hundred years in succession and patiently wait, wait; but with the practical everyday American to whom one solid fact is dearer and nearer than a hundred sublime theories! Then and then only, will we utilize this strong current of dissatisfaction, this blind groping for better things, utilize it for our final aim! If we miss this exceptional opportunity, loud-mouthed demagogues will not; and we will remain what we have been for many decades—harmless dreamers!

Statistician.

Thirteenth, that steps be taken to protect the head waters of our rivers. We demand also the reforesting of denuded tracts suitable for reforesting, so as to provide wooded land for future generations who have been robbed by the timber thieves.

Fourteenth, that laws be enacted, limiting the working of youths under 21 years of age and women of any age employed anywhere in Wisconsin to eight hours a day, and prohibiting the employment of children under 16 years of age in any factory, store, workshop or mine, also for the strictest protection of life and limb in workshops, factories, mines, stores, railways and boats. Also the removal of the principle of contributory negligence from our statutes, and the enactment of laws to compensate workmen when injured while employed. All wages to be paid weekly in lawful money.

Fifteenth, that a graduated income and inheritance tax be enacted, small inheritances and small incomes to be exempt.

Sixteenth, that fire and accident insurance be established by the state.

The Social-Democratic party also stands for every radical change that will bring more wealth, more culture, and more security to the masses of the people. But we call attention to the fact that the measures we urge are not a cure for all the existing evils, nor are they all Socialist measures. They are to be viewed rather as mere palliatives, capable of being carried out even under the present conditions. Under no circumstances should the people rest content with palliatives of this kind. The people should move onward to the conquest of all public powers, to an entire change of the present system for one which will secure to the people collectively the ownership of the means of production and distribution and thereby the blessings of our modern inventions, and a standard of civilization and culture hitherto unknown in history.

This is the program of the Social-Democratic party in Wisconsin. We call upon every intelligent voter of this state, regardless of race, nationality or religion to join the Social-Democratic party, vote its ticket, build up its organization, and stand shoulder to shoulder for a better order and a higher civilization. And especially to the economically oppressed we call in the words of the immortal Karl Marx:—

Proletarians of the world, unite. You have nothing to lose but your chains and a world to gain."

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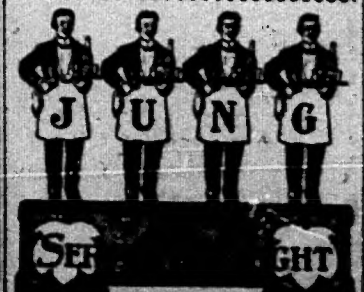
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## Wisconsin State Platform.

THE Social-Democratic party is the American political expression of the international movement of the modern working class for better food, better houses, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education, and more culture.

Under the present system, society is rapidly dividing into two classes: the rich and the poor, the capitalist class and the proletariat. The one toils without enjoying, the other enjoys without toiling.

In the wage earner of the cities and the farmer, we recognize the types of the producing elements of this country. Under our present economic system, both are exploited for the benefit of the capitalist class, the laborer on the sale of his labor power and the farmer on the sale of his products. Both are again exploited in the purchase of practically all the necessities of life.

The final aim of the Social-Democratic party is the emancipation of the producers and the abolition of the capitalist system. For that purpose, we organize the producing classes in city and country into a political party to take control of the powers of government.

The most characteristic expression of the present economic system is the trust and the monopoly.

Electricity, steam, and many modern inventions have struck the death blow at production on a small scale. Competition has wiped out competition. Production on a large scale makes monopoly a necessary condition. The trust and the monopoly are here, whether we wish it or not. The only question is whether they shall be public or private monopolies.

Private monopoly is a curse to the nation. Thus we see the coal trust making untold millions out of the sufferings of the poor, the oil trust piling up the greatest fortune the world has ever seen upon the ruin of innumerable small dealers and in defiance of all laws and courts of justice, the meat trust sending thousands of unsuspecting human beings to an early grave by selling diseased meat simply to make dividends and heap up millions. Similar statements could be proven against all the other trusts.

Therefore the Social-Democratic party demands that the production of this country shall be taken away from the control of a small number of irresponsible men, whose only aim is to exploit us to the last limit of our endurance, without regard to human life or welfare. There is no relief to be expected from any of the old parties.

Formerly, the Republican party was the favorite political organization of capitalism, while the Democratic party stood for the middle class. But since the trusts have bought the Democratic party, there is no difference between the two. They both stand for capitalism and the present economic system.

With this in view, the Social-Democratic party of the state of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles of international Socialism and declares its adherence to the platform of the national Socialist party adopted at the convention in Chicago, and pledges itself at the present time to the following measures:

That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in Congress shall take such action as is calculated,

First, to bring about the nationalization of all the trusts, notably the coal, the meat, the oil, the sugar, the farming machinery trusts, and others of the same kind.

Second, to bring about the national ownership of the railroads, telegraphs, telephones, and express companies and steamship lines.

Third, to enact a law, granting every wage worker over 60 years of age, who has earned less than \$1,000 a year and has been a citizen of the United States for sixteen years at least, a pension of not less than \$12 a month for the rest of his life.

Fourth, to bring about the enactment of a national law by which the government of the United States shall lend the cities and townships money on bonds issued by said cities and townships. Such loans shall be made in legal tender and without interest, the refund to take place in twenty years in equal shares. The money shall have its intrinsic value secured by the bonds and the assessed valuation of the city or township that receives the loan, and it shall be canceled with the bonds as fast as the loan is refunded.

Fifth, to amend the United States constitution so as to abolish the United States Senate, which is a bulwark of capitalism and trustocracy, — the general referendum of all the people to take its place as a check, under proper provisions. Furthermore to elect the United States judges by the people of their respective districts, for terms not to exceed six years — instead of having them appointed by the president — this in order to make an end of government by injunction.

Sixth, to establish life-insurance by the national government.

We also demand,

Seventh, that all elective officers, national, state, and municipal, shall be made subject to the imperative mandate, and to a recall, by the expressed wish of three-fourths of their constituency.

Eighth, that no city in Wisconsin shall have the right to sell, lease or give away public franchises. Provided, however, that in cases where existing laws and public necessity make a franchise unavoidable, it shall be granted only upon such terms as will guarantee justice to the people in the matter of rates, and fair treatment of the workers in respect to hours of labor, wages, etc., and especially shall provide for the transfer of the utility to public ownership at the earliest possible hour. Or, provided further, that the granting of such franchise shall first be approved by general referendum of the respective city or township.

Ninth, Every city in Wisconsin shall have the right to take possession of all its public utilities by paying to the present owners the price of the properties involved as fixed by an impartial jury, the same not to include any franchise values; and every city and township shall have the right to issue bonds for that purpose. All unlimited franchises now in existence to be declared null and void.

Tenth, complete self-government for cities and townships. They shall have the right to erect public slaughter houses, cold-storage plants, elevators, coal and wood yards, ice houses, stock yards, and manufacture commodities and sell them to the citizens at cost.

Eleventh, the state shall provide free school books and school utensils to the pupils of the public schools. We also demand legislation, enabling school districts in the country to give better school facilities and free transportation for the children to and from school.

Twelfth, that no further water rights shall be given away to individuals or private corporations, and those that have been given away, shall be recovered as rapidly as possible. All mineral rights reserved in private contract shall be abolished. No land belonging to the state shall be sold, and all lands now belonging to the state shall be kept for state purposes.

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**Demand This Label On all Packages Of Beer, Ale or Porter.**

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# The Process by which Capital is Developed.

HARRY QUELCH, OF THE LONDON "JUSTICE," DESCRIBES IT IN HIS BOOK "THE ECONOMICS OF LABOR."

Capital, say political economists, is that portion of wealth which is devoted to the production of more wealth; that is, wealth set aside for reproductive purposes. When I say that it is sometimes sought to include in the term capital not only the grain used for seed and the fodder for cattle, but also the food and clothing of the laborers, you will I think, agree that the definition is not sufficiently definite. For this, as well as other reasons, I submit that the proper definition of the term capital is: Wealth used for the production of profit. This is by no means the same thing. Wealth may be directed to the reproduction of wealth and yet produce no profit for the owner or user. On the other hand, profit is often secured by the destruction of wealth. The object of production to-day—the object of capitalist production—paradoxical as it may be to say so, is not the production of wealth at all, but the production of profit only. The good of capital to its owner is, not, that it enables him to produce articles of utility, that with it he can produce things to satisfy human needs but that it produces him an increase—profit. It is only in so far as his wealth produces him profit that it is "capital" at all. That it may be used for the purpose of producing good and useful things is merely an incident and does not concern him. Its real function is to breed, to fructify, to produce profit. Whether it is used

for the production of things good and useful, or of others which are mischievous and harmful, is of absolutely no concern to him as a capitalist. It may be shoddy clothing, bosh butter, leaden bayonets, or big guns, that he is engaged in putting on the market, but the utility of the reverse of these things does not concern him in the least, so long as by producing them he makes for himself a profit.

When a man invests a thousand pounds in a commercial venture, he does it in the hope or expectation that at the end of a year his thousand pounds will have increased—will have grown. If at the end of the year there was still only his thousand pounds he would be dissatisfied and disappointed. He would feel that it had failed to fulfill its mission, that he might as well have kept it in his strong box at home. His only object in investing it was to get a profit. Now I want you to understand that just here we are not concerned with the approval or condemnation of this; we are simply engaged in analysing existing facts, and what we must recognize as a fact is that investment of capital is dictated by no desire to satisfy human needs; so, in the words of a pushing advertiser, "meet a long-felt want," but only to make personal profit for the investor, and that the true function of capital therefore, is not the production of wealth, but the production of profit—a very different matter.

## To What is Economic and Political Development Tending?

By PAUL KAMPFMEYER.—Translated by E. H. THOMAS.

### 1. The Collapse of Capitalism through Unrestrained Production.

TO what is economic development tending? The Erfurter Program (the platform of the Social-Democratic party of Germany, adopted in 1891, and still in force) answers this question very clearly: The divided petty industries will be replaced by colossal industries, the tool grows into the machine, the powers of production develop with giant strides. "But all the advantages of this change will be monopolized by the capitalists and the great land-owners. For the proletariat and the decaying middle classes—the small traders and farmers—it means a growing increase in the insecurity of their existence, an increase of poverty, oppression, servitude, degradation and exploitation."

Ever sharper and more destructive rage the industrial crisis; they make universal insecurity the normal condition of society. Ever more numerous becomes the army of superfluous workmen, and with growing bitterness the exploited carry on their mighty class struggle. The forces of production have grown over the head of capitalist society. This last phase awakes in us a whole chain of Marxian ideas. And in fact the spirit of Karl Marx breathes in this entire part of the Erfurter Program.

With dramatic vividness, Marx in his "Capital" shows how the powers of production in the shape of perfecting machines, are developing into man-slayers of the workmen. With the increase of the social wealth of today, of the functioning capital, the army of the unemployed comprises larger and larger battalions.

The higher the productive power of labor becomes and the more the workmen press upon the means of employment, the more insecure and unstable are all their conditions of life. By means of the reserve army of the unemployed, the workmen are more firmly "fettered to capital, like Prometheus to the rocks." "The accumulation of wealth at one pole," so says Marx literally, "is therefore at the same time the accumulation of poverty, painful toil, slavery, ignorance, bestiality and degradation at the opposite pole, that is on the part of that class which produces its own product as capital."

According to the Communist Manifesto, the workingman is being more and more impoverished. Instead of rising with the progress of industry, he is sinking deeper and deeper under the conditions of his class. The workingman becomes a pauper, and pauperism is developing more rapidly than the population of wealth. The workman thus is becoming more miserable, not only relatively, but also absolutely.

As a natural necessity, according to Marx, the economic development leads to the downfall of the capitalist industrial system. "Along with the continually diminishing number of the magnates of capital who usurp and monopolize all advantages of this process of transformation, grows the mass of misery, oppression, servitude, degradation, exploitation; but with this too grows the revolt of the working class, a class always increasing in numbers, and disciplined, unified, and organized by the very mechanism of the process of capitalist production itself. The monopoly of capital becomes a fetter upon the mode of production, which has sprung up and flourished along with, and un-

der the control of the means of production and socialization of labor at last reach a point where they become incompatible with their capitalist shell. This shell is burst asunder. The knell of capitalist private property sounds. The expropriators are expropriated."

Under the fixed relations of production, which are legally termed the relations of property, the powers of production, the creating powers, are sprouting. They are spreading out within the narrow bounds of capitalist property, and they are pushing against these bounds with their tremendous development. These bounds will burst asunder.

The capitalist process of production draws the mass of workmen into the great factories gives them a natural and then an artificial organization, schools and disciplines them. And at last it drives them, under the influence of growing misery, oppression, and servitude, to burst by force the capitalist system of production.

Capitalistic conditions, those conditions under which to-day the product of labor is manufactured and appropriated, have become untenable. And they will be destroyed with one mighty explosion shattering the foundations of capitalist society.

Just because the powers of production can expand no further inside the shell of the capitalist system of production, they produce colossal armies of unemployed proletarians, they extend pauperism to positively frightful dimensions.

The contradictory conditions of capitalism as a natural necessity include an increase of misery and servitude. The law of contradictions and the misery theory are in direct relationship to each other as parent and child. Both are inextricably tied together.

The world-wide contradiction between the powers of production and the conditions of production must grow continually sharper. This sharp contradiction leads to its own destruction.

The development of this contradiction, according to Marx, is the only historical road to its solution. According to his theory, processes which contain a contradiction in themselves point to a sort of reaction to their extreme opposite. The fearful anarchy of production leads to its contrary, to a social order and social management of production.

The growth of the misery, oppression and servitude of the dispossessed mass is a necessary path to the Socialist system of society. Misery coming to its utmost limit, produces its extreme opposite, the uprising against misery and its final abolition.

Such is the theory of Karl Marx.

[A further installment of this translation will be published in our next issue.]

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### Fatal Defect of Socialism.

"I like Socialism fine," said the honest and apparently unromantic mechanic, "but I don't want to give up my Sunday paper."

"Give up your Sunday paper," said the agitator. "I don't see how Socialism is going to affect your reading matter."

"Maybe it won't yours," replied the victim of capital, "but I've got so accustomed to reading 'Snappy Doings in Smart Set; They Bump the Bumps in the Vanderghout dining-room' and 'Mrs. Astorhill's Gems; She Has Enough to Fill a Wash Basin,' and 'Life Histories of the Eighty Peerees Who Were Members of the Original Floradora Sextet,' and all such like that, I dunno what I'd do if you was to remove the pampered classes."—Pack.

### Intangible Property.

If a corporation has a capitalization of \$5,000,000, it is supposed to have \$5,000,000 of capital invested in the enterprise, and is supposed to make an income of, say, six per cent. on the investment. If the concern is a stretch of street railway, and the whole plant, cars, track, powerhouse, can be replaced for \$1,000,000, then there is \$4,000,000 of intangible, or "touchable," assets, and \$1,000,000 of what are called "intangible" assets. These intangible assets represent the value of the franchise which the railway has got from the city. According to the present Texas law, these "intangible assets" are to be taxed just as the "tangible assets" are.

Attempts to enforce this "intangible assets" law are producing two effects in many countries. One is hurried and, in general successful, activity on the part of the railroads to have their "intangibles" assessed at a figure far lower than would be got by subtracting the value of the physical property, or "tangibles," from the total capitalization. In the case we mentioned, subtracting \$1,000,000 from \$5,000,000 would leave \$4,000,000 of "intangibles." Through their pull in the county office, this would

### Socialistic Miscellany.

probably be rendered at \$1,500,000 or \$1,000,000. For this sort of thing, the railroads use their lawyers and their passers.

The other effect of the attempt to enforce the "intangible tax" is that many people are beginning to understand what this "intangible property" really is. It is the value capitalized of the franchises the roads got from the public. It is the value to private parties of the right to use the people's property. To reclaim this public property from the hands of private capital lists, who are using it to rob the public with, is the aim of public ownership. What we use in common, we should own in common.—Dallas Labour.

If Mr. Rockefeller lives another twelve years he will be the first billionaire the world has known. He

## THE SECOND SOCIALIST POSTER IS NOW READY.

It is the same size as Poster No. 1, 10 1/2 inches, and GIVES THE VALUE OF PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES ACCORDING TO THE U. S. CENSUS, AND SHOWS WHAT THE SHARE OF THE WORKERS IS IN THEIR PRODUCT. These figures are absolutely reliable, being prepared by a former statistician employed in the census bureau.

This is the second in a series of SOCIALIST POSTERS prepared by Lucian Sanial, with the utmost care, from the Census of 1900 and other official documents, supplemented by reports of Manufacturers, Merchants and Bankers' Associations, Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade, Commercial and Financial organs, and other recognized capitalistic mouthpieces.

EVERY COMRADE should have a copy of SOCIALIST POSTER No. 2 folded in his pocket, ready for use in making a convert or confounding an opponent. He should, moreover, keep on hand a small supply of copies in order to promptly meet the demands of inquirers.

EVERY SOCIALIST ORGANIZATION should have it framed (or posted on wood or card board), for display on the walls of its meeting rooms or at its open air meetings.

PRICE, POSTPAID:

Single copies ..... Five cents  
Twelve copies ..... Fifty cents  
Twenty-five copies ..... One dollar  
One hundred copies ..... Three dollars

For Sale at the Office of the Social-Democratic Herald.

PRICE: Five Cents a Copy; special rates for quantities of not less than 25 copies.

Address all orders to the

Social-Democratic Herald,  
344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Poster No. 1, shows the comparative strength in numbers and in wealth of three great classes in this country into which capitalism has divided the people. Other posters to follow. Price the same in all cases.



## SUFFERERS

From VANCOUVER Atlantic! Restoration to a sound and healthy condition is the result of my method of treating this common and yet neglected disease. My treatment, or the cure that I have treated in 15 years, follows it, surprise a rheumatoid patient and physician. It is not a looking for the treatment that has cured in thousands of cases, and will be yours, send me and receive my personal attention.

J. H. GREEN, M. D.,  
22 Southern Street, Chicago, Ill.



## HOW TO GET THE FREE PAIL

ask your dealer, or write us today for our Great Free Trial Offer. The Great Free offer is given to prove and demonstrate to the farmers and stockmen of the U. S. that Gold Coin Stock Foods are superior to all others. Write for Free Trial Offer today.

...\$5,000 STOCK AND VETERINARY BOOK FREE...  
The Scientific feeding and breeding of stock has reached that stage of perfection now, that the farmer or stockman who does NOT use a scientific stock food of some kind, to keep his stock healthy and growing, will NOT make the money that the more up-to-date stockman does. We are now giving Gold Coin Stock Foods. It is profits that count on the farm. The Big Stock Book, with 80 pages and 218 illustrations, tells all about the best and newest methods of feeding and breeding for extra profits. Simply specify this paper and tell amount of stock you own.

GOLD COIN STOCK FOOD CO., St. Paul, Minn.

14-6 FEEDS FOR ONE CENT









## WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT.

**EXECUTIVE BOARD:**  
FRANK GAUTHIER, 125 Fifth Ave. E.,  
Ashland, Wis.  
DONALD LOGAN, 14 E. Main Street,  
Madison, Wis.  
J. H. CARNEY, 740 Jefferson Street,  
Green Bay, Wis.  
J. J. HANDLEY, 24 National Avenue, Mil-  
waukee, Wis.  
WALTER S. FISLER, 1187 6th Street,  
Milwaukee, Wis.  
**GENERAL OFFICERS:**  
FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer,  
115 State Street, Milwaukee.  
FREDK. BROCKHAUSEN, Secy-Treas.,  
123 Orchard Street, Milwaukee.

**UNFAIR LIST:**  
Light Horse Squadron Clear Co. of Milwaukee.  
The Burger Brewing Co., Bangor, Wis.  
The West End Brewing Co. and Mailing Co. of  
West Bend, Wis.  
The P. P. Adams Tobacco Co., Milwaukee.  
The Kohler & Sons, Sheboygan, Wis., manufac-  
turers of bath tubs and plumbing supplies.  
Chas. F. Jochims, 125-126 Third St., Mil-  
waukee, Wis., manufacturers of chandel-  
iers, gas and electrical fixtures.  
The Alton Bread Co. of Milwaukee.  
The Oswald Baker Bakery, Milwaukee.  
Carpenster-Skiles Bakery, Milwaukee.  
Famerson & Wiegmann, better known as the  
F. & W. Clear Co. of La Crosse, Wis.,  
manufacturers of cigars and tobacco.  
The Sunnyside Canning Co.  
The Black & Gerner Co., manufacturers of the  
Burlington Home Line Stoves.  
The Capital Coal Co. of Green Bay.  
Cusack & Stresemann Co., Merchants Tailors  
Well Building, Milwaukee.  
Ans. Rohm, Merchant Tailor, 24 W. Water St.,  
Milwaukee.

# ORGANIZED LABOR



Capitalist: "Workers demand their rights. Otherwise I'll get an injunction."

RESOLVED, That the four-  
teenth annual convention of the  
Wisconsin Federation of Labor  
heretofore placed itself on record as  
being unalterably opposed to any  
further lowering of the limit of  
wages exempted from executions  
by creditors. We declare these at-  
tempts on the part of certain busi-  
ness men as being unjust, cruel and  
inhuman and having a tendency to  
lower the standard of living of the  
wage-workers. If a change in the  
present law is to be made we de-  
mand that all wages be exempt.

In view of the opinion expressed  
in the above resolution, and the fact  
that nearly one hundred legislators  
seated in the last legislature voted  
to deprive the wage-earners of the  
state of their limited wage-exem-  
ption, and recognizing the high  
prices of the necessities of life and  
the outrageous judgments rendered  
by the courts against organized labor  
whereby the small earnings of the  
great majority of the wage-  
earners become continuously sub-  
ject to attachments by unscrupu-  
lous business men.

We therefore claim it our duty to  
say to the wage-earners of the state  
that no man aspiring for public  
office is entitled to your support,  
who has, or in your judgment may  
at future legislative sessions by his  
vote as a legislator endanger your  
small wage exemption.

Executive Board Wisconsin State  
Federation of Labor.

The following motion prevailed:  
That preparations be made at  
once to reorganize at Beloit.

The secretary submitted several  
legislative propositions from vari-  
ous sources which were referred to  
Weber and Brockhausen.

On motion the Secretary was or-  
dered to purchase railroad mileage.

A letter from Secretary David-  
son of the Sunday Rest Association  
was on motion received and filed.

In the matter of Sunday Rest it is  
the opinion of the E. B. that resolu-  
tion No. 12 on page 50 of the pro-  
ceedings of the May convention  
should be strictly adhered to.


The Secretary was instructed to  
urge upon City Central Bodies and  
deputy organizers to assist in ob-  
taining vital statistics.

The meeting adjourned, subject  
to the call of the Secretary.

Fred. Brockhausen, Sec'y.

### Union Barber Shops

Always see that  
this card is  
displayed  
before getting  
shaved or  
your hair cut



**ADAMS SHAVING PARLOR**  
608 Chestnut Street,  
The Model Union Shop!  
**AL. F. DREESSEN,**  
SHAVING PARLOR  
HOT AND COLD BATHS.  
1002 KUPIC AVE. COR. LINCOLN AVE.  
**ADAM FREY,**  
BARBER  
1330 CHERRY STREET.  
**FRED. GROSSE,**  
577 East Water St.  
...Shaving Parlor...  
Fine line of Union Cigars.  
**J. N. GAUER,**  
Shaving Parlor,  
885 Kinnickinnic Avenue,  
opposite South Bay St.  
**LAWRENCE HAUZ**  
1255 Kinnickinnic Avenue.  
SHAVING PARLOR  
Removed from 487 1/2 Russell Avenue.

Milwaukee, Sept. 1, 1906.  
Third Executive Board Session.  
L. Q. J. J. Handley, Chairman.

The following resolutions were  
submitted and adopted:

WHEREAS, There are steady  
and pernicious efforts made on the  
part of certain business men and  
capitalistic politicians at every ses-  
sion of the Legislature to lower the  
garnish limit which now exempts  
the wages of a married wage-work-  
er from the clutches of heartless  
creditors, greedy justices and con-  
stables; and

WHEREAS, The limit is now  
barely sufficient to protect the  
family of a wage-worker in cases  
of sickness and need, while the busi-  
ness man even in cases of bank-  
ruptcy and misfortune is protected  
by having a house up to the value  
of \$5,000, provisions for a year for  
his family and a span of horses  
exempted by law from his creditors;  
and

WHEREAS, The tendency in  
every civilized country is to exempt  
wages entirely and to put the busi-  
ness risk upon the business men,  
where it properly belongs; there-  
fore, be it

Country Home 10 acres with  
10 room house on  
stone basement; also stone - basement  
barn; nice orchard; good soil; Village  
property; 1 mile from Catholic and Lutheran  
churches and schools; 1 mile from  
Saulkville R. R. Station. Owner will  
consider some trade.

**WISCONSIN FARM EXCHANGE CO.**  
Room 7 198 West Water St.


### FOR MUSIC

Apply to FRED. BROCK-  
HAUSEN, Leader Social-  
Democratic Band & Or-  
chestra, 567 Sixth Ave., Mil-  
waukee, Wis., Members  
of Milwaukee-Musicians  
Union.

Each extracted and filled without pain. Full  
sets in gold and rubber plates.

**Dr. Robt. F. Erler**  
DENTIST  
Office, 2434 NORTH AVE.


Single Teeth without Plates in Gold or  
Gum. All work guaranteed.

  
Bicycles, Tires and Sundries  
always on hand at lowest  
prices. Bicycles made to order.  
All repairs work guaranteed.

**KOEPPEN & CO.,** Machine and Bicycle Shop  
425 Chestnut St. MILWAUKEE

**GUST. SCHMIDT,**  
Wines, Liquors & Fine Cigars  
Headquarters 10th Ward Branch.  
1629 Vliet Street, cor. 17th Street.

**A. M. Johnson's**  
**ICE CREAM**  
and **CANDIES**  
Wholesale and Retail 259 Mitchell St.

  
**Dr. Herman R. Miller**  
509 8th St. COR. CHESTNUT  
MILWAUKEE  
PHOTOGRAPHER

**THEO. KOESTER,**  
WEST SIDE BOTTLE HOUSE,  
Wines and Liquors at Wholesale Prices.  
305 Chestnut Street,  
Phone Main 2290. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

— Smoke —  
**100-TAMPANOLA-100**  
**CIGAR**  
Manufactured  
by **HERM. BUECH**  
575 16th Ave. Phone 8953

**JOHN LUELL**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
**FINE CIGARS**  
356 Second Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

My Specialties - Santiago de Cuba, G. L. 2nd  
Cigar, Golden Harvest, Long Star, No. 2nd  
de Cuba.

Phone South 112  
A. KOCH H. J. FOWLER  
**Smoke NIGHT HAWK**  
"GOLD MINE"  
100-CIGAR-100  
**KOCH CIGAR CO., 598 6th Ave.,**  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**Gust. J. Rogahn**  
Manufacturer of  
...FINE CIGARS...  
under 100-Royal Jewels & Arrows-100  
-Cannon Ball and Old Iron Spikes-100  
780 Pearl St. Phone Commercial  
146

### DIRECTORY OF UNIONS

Secretaries of unions are urged to  
help us keep the following directory  
corrected up to date. Notify John  
Reichert, Corresponding Secretary,  
318 State street, as soon as any change  
is made.

American Brotherhood of Cement  
Workers No. 27—Meets every Thurs-  
day at 318 State St. Her. Oldenburg,  
848 16th st.

Bakers' Union No. 205—Meets 2nd  
and 4th Saturday, at 526 Chestnut st.  
Wm. J. Ehrenpfer, Sec'y., 318 State.

Barbers' Union No. 50—Meets 1st  
and 3rd Thursday, 318 State St. Henry  
Bock, Sec'y., c. o. St. Charles Hotel  
Barber Shop.

Barbers' Union No. 64—Meets  
1st and 3rd Tuesday, 318 State st.  
R. J. Hauerwas, 957 Windlake av.

Beer Bottlers' Union No. 213—Meets  
2nd and 4th Sunday, A. M., at 3rd and  
Walnut sts., Wm. Hamann, Sec'y.,  
331 Chestnut st.

Bill Posters and Billers' Union No. 10025—  
Meets 1st and 3rd Sunday at  
318 State St. Wm. E. Mick, 220 3rd st.

Blacksmiths' Union No. 27—Meets  
2nd and 4th Saturday at National av.  
and Reed st. Otto Schmetzer, Sec'y.,  
275 28th st.

Blacksmiths' Union No. 301—  
Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday, cor.  
3rd and Prairie sts. Geo. Hennessey,  
Sec'y., 176 7th st.

Boiler Makers' Union No. 107—Meets  
1st and 3rd Wednesday at 1st av. and  
Mineral st.

Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Build-  
ers' Union No. 302—Meets 1st and 3rd  
Thursday, cor. Clybourn and 2nd sts.  
Jas. A. Heaney, Sec'y., 345 25th av.

Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Build-  
ers' Union No. 347, Cudahy, Wis.  
Steve Antisdell, Sec'y., South Milwau-  
kee, Wis.

Book Binders' Union No. 49—Meets  
2nd and 4th Tuesday at Freie Ge-  
meinde hall. Mari. Imhoff, Sec'y.,  
1237 14th st.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union No. 170—  
Meets every Friday at Walnut  
and 3rd sts. Emmet Healy, Sec'y.,  
165 Harmon st.

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union No. 351—  
Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday,  
3rd st. and Reserve av., Geo. Becker,  
1148 8th st.

Brass Molders' Union No. 331, I.  
M. U. (Formerly No. 141)—Meets  
1st and 3rd Thursday at Tivoli Bldg.  
Grove st. and National av. Wm. J.  
Weber, 977 Orchard st.

Brewery Teamsters' Union No. 72—  
Meets 2nd and 4th Sunday at Sixth  
and Chestnut sts. Gust. Richter, Sec'y.,  
331 Chestnut st.

Brewery Malsters' Union No. 85—  
Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday at Wal-  
nut and 3rd sts. Gust. Richter, Sec'y.,  
331 Chestnut st.

Brewery Workers' Union No. 9—  
Meets 1st and 3rd Sunday morning  
at 602 Chestnut st. Otto Schultz,  
Sec'y., 950 Winnebago st.

Bricklayers and Masons' Union No. 8—  
Meets every Saturday at 602 Chestnut  
st. Oscar E. Schneider, Sec'y.,  
R. R. No. 1, Sta. D.

Brewery Engineers' Union No. 25—  
Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday at Wine  
and 12th sts. Gust. Richter, Sec'y.,  
331 Chestnut st.

Bridge and Structural Iron Work-  
ers' Union No. 8—Meets every Friday  
at 318 State st. W. E. Reddin, Sec'y.,  
120 1/2 Sycamore st.

Broom Makers' Union No. 1—Meets  
2nd and 4th Monday at Clark and  
3rd sts. Gust. Richter, Sec'y.,  
Phone South 510. Lady Assistant.

**Borgwardt & Niemann**  
Tailors and Furriers Directors.  
1001 Kinnickinnic Ave.

Sixth st. Matt. Strassburg, Sec'y.,  
973 Holton st.

Brush Makers' Union No. 10—  
Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at 318  
State st. Geo. J. Franks, Sec'y., 318  
First av.

Building Laborers' Union No. 1—  
Meets every Friday, cor. 6th and  
Chestnut sts. Chas. Dieckrich, Sec'y.,  
705 2nd st.

Building Trades Council—Jas. Daly,  
Sec'y., 499 27th st.

Butcher Workmen's Union No. 222,  
Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday at 318  
State st. Chas. Seifert, 533 Island av.

Cap Makers' Union No. 16—Meets  
2nd and 4th Tuesday at 526 Chestnut  
st. Jul. Burger, Sec'y., c. o. N. W.  
Cap Mfg. Co.

Carpenters' District Council—Meets  
every 2nd and 4th Tuesday at 318  
State st. Jul. Scharneck, Sec'y., 732  
6th av.

Carpenters' Union No. 188—Meets  
2nd and 4th Monday at North and  
Tentonia av. P. J. Van Koo, Sec'y.,  
823 10th st.

Carpenters' Union No. 522—Meets  
1st and 3rd Monday at 602 Chestnut  
st. Wm. Teichert, Sec'y., 1524  
Groehling av.

Carpenters' Union No. 1519—Meets  
2nd and 4th Friday, 12 and Wine sts.  
Adolph Hunkfort, Sec'y., 1273 11th st.

Carpenters' Union No. 1053—Meets  
2nd and 4th Saturday at 325 Chestnut  
st. Leonard Dorn, Sec'y., 1050 West  
24th st.

Carpenters' Union No. 1447—Meets  
2nd and 4th Wednesday cor. Green-  
field and 9th av. John Schallitz,  
Sec'y., 596 5th av.

Carpenters' Union No. 1586—Meets  
2nd and 4th Wednesday at 1432 Green  
Bay av. Jul. Witke, Sec'y., 1439 11th  
street.

Carpenters' Union No. 1748—Meets  
every Friday, cor. Fond du Lac and  
North av. Wm. Griebing, Sec'y.,  
1242 20th st.

Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union  
No. 25—Meets 1st and 3rd Friday  
at 325 Chestnut st. Ed. L. Griesham,  
Sec'y., 1151 Buffum st.

Carvers' Association—Meets 1st and  
3rd Thursday at 318 State st. Wm.  
Burmeister, Sec'y., 1381 5th st.

Clothing Cutters and Trimmers'  
Union No. 196—Meets 1st and 3rd  
Friday at North av. and 3rd st. E.  
H. Halsemer, Sec'y., 1025 Hadley.

Cigar Makers' Union No. 25—Meets  
2nd and 4th Tuesday at 602 Chestnut  
st. J. Reichert, Sec'y., 318 State st.

Coal Heavers' Union No. 510—  
Meets every Thursday at 157 Reed  
st. Frank J. Weber, Sec'y., 318 State.

Cooks' Union No. 554—Meets 2nd  
and 4th Thursday at 14 Grand av.  
(Empire hall). E. G. Reinhard, Sec'y.,  
606 Wells st. Flat 4.

Coopers' Union No. 30—Meets 2nd  
and 4th Thursday at 602 Chestnut st.  
John Ritaler, Sec'y., 1062 1/2 18th st.

ress and well being of the Union  
Printers' Home.

We propose to conduct the Union  
Printers' Home in the interest of  
the membership generally, and in  
such a manner as will reflect credit  
on the only institution of its kind  
in the world.

We propose that officials, resi-  
dents, and employees of the Union  
Printers' Home shall obey the rules  
laid down for their guidance.

We propose in short to conduct  
the affairs of the Home, in the  
future as in the past, as the laws of  
the institution provide, and in our  
official acts we will be guided by  
loyalty to trade-union principles,  
rigid adherence to the laws of the  
International Typographical Union and  
the Home constitution and by-  
laws, and as we interpret our duty  
as trustees, and not as others who  
have no official responsibility at-  
tempt to interpret that duty for us.

For the foregoing we ask the  
widest publicity, through publica-  
tion in *The Typographical Journal*  
and in labor papers that have for  
their object the welfare, well-being,  
and progress of the general trade-  
union movement.

James M. Lynch,  
Thomas McCaffery,  
L. C. Shepard,  
W. J. White,  
Thomas F. Crowley,  
T. D. Fennessy,  
J. W. Bramwood,  
Board of Trustees, Union Print-  
ers' Home.

**Making the Unions Stronger.**

The formation of a new and pow-  
erful labor organization may be the  
outcome of the thirtieth biennial  
convention of the Brotherhood of  
Locomotive Firemen now in ses-  
sion in Milwaukee.

A proposition will be made, it is  
said, to unite the Brotherhood of  
Locomotive Firemen with the  
Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.  
Both are among the strongest or-  
ganizations in the country. The  
Brotherhood of Locomotive Fire-  
men has a membership of more  
than 60,000 men. The Brother-  
hood of Railway Trainmen has a  
membership of 90,000 men. If the  
treasuries of the two organizations  
were combined at the present time  
there would be on hand a fund it is  
aid, of nearly \$2,000,000.

## The Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS: 318 State Street,  
Telephone Grand 1742.

The Regular Meetings of the Council are held on  
1st and 3rd Wednesdays, at 8 O'clock, at the  
Gomede Hall, Fourth Street, betw. State and Center.

**OFFICERS:**  
JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St. Cor. Secretary  
FREDERICK H. F. 24 State St. Sec. Secy.  
HENRY HOFFER, 215 Chambers St. Treas.  
WILLIS R. ACHER, 678 Reed St. Cor. Secy.  
M. WEISSBERGER, 1577 Louis Ave. Sergeant at Arms

Business Agent, FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State Street.

**EXECUTIVE BOARD:** W. S. Fischer, 1107 Eighth St., Secretary; Edw. Benenberg, J. J. Hand-  
ley, Ed. Berner, James Sheehan, Emil Brodke, Thos. Feeley. Meets half hour previous to  
sessions of Council.

**COMMITTEES:**  
**ORGANIZATION AND CREDENTIALS:** Wm. Schwab, F. E. Neumann, John J. Hankey, Frank  
Meister.  
**LEGISLATION AND LAWS:** F. J. Weber, Jas. Sheehan, Edm. Beren, Wm. Hamann, Jap.  
Hendrickson.  
**GRIVANCE AND ARBITRATION:** Wm. Coleman, Henry Zastrow, Chas. Dippel, Chas. Joseph  
SANTARY CONDITIONS: Frederic Heath, Henry Tava, Frank Meister.  
**NOMINATIONS:** Wm. Orsling, Fred'k. Wilson, Jacob Camber, Robt. Hahn, Chas. Whit.

**LABEL SECTION:** Meets 1st and 3rd Monday evenings at 318 State Street. E. Bock, care of  
St. Charles Hotel Barber Shop, Secretary; Frank Meister, Chairman.  
**BUILDING TRADES SECTION:** Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at 318 State St. Fred'k. Hahn,  
Secretary, 318 State Street; Wm. Orsling, Chairman.

FOR A FIRST CLASS HAIR CUT GO  
SHAVE GO TO  
**"THE BARBER SHOP"**  
910 CENTER STREET.  
P. M. LUTZENBERGER, Propr.

**EDW. MIESKE,**  
Successor to  
**PHIL. C. KAMMERER.**  
First-class work guaranteed.  
484 Reed St., corner Scott.

**H. C. MUNDT,**  
SHAVING PARLOR  
168 Lloyd Street  
FINE LINE OF UNION CIGARS.

**H. SCHIRER,**  
BARBER SHOP, FINE LINE OF  
CIGARS.  
1203 Chestnut Street, Milwaukee.

**ST. CHARLES HOTEL**  
Barber Shop & Bath Rooms,  
EMIL TRIENS, Proprietor.

**ALBT. ROLOFF'S**  
**Bowling Alleys**  
Saloon and Sample Room.  
635 2nd St. Phone Commercial.

**Hy. F. Schmidt's Hall**  
Saloon, Sample and Wine Room  
Hall for Club parties and Weddings, Enten-  
tainments, Socials, Tournaments and  
Meetings.  
Dancing every Saturday & Sunday Evenings.  
2153 Ave. and Rogers St., Milwaukee, Wis.

**THE HOME TEA CO.**  
393 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
Surely have the best TEAS and COFF-  
EEES at the best possible prices.  
Also carry a full line of Groceries.

**Vogenitz & Ruhnke, Propa.**

**A. W. HAAS,**  
Dealer in  
Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and  
Game in Season.  
811 HOWELL AVENUE.

**I ADVERTISE SMALL**  
**WHY**  
LUTZENBERGER

New Store 224 Third St.  
Notion Made Clothing & Specialty.

Consultation Free.  
**A. REINHARD,**  
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN,  
222 Second Avenue,  
We Prescribe and Make Glass E.

**YOU NEED GLASSES?**  
Don't get your eyes  
examined by  
**Dr. S. R. Zengerberg,**  
Scientific Optician,  
332 CHESTNUT STREET,  
op. Masons, and  
opposite 1st St. in N. W. B.

**CONRAD & BAUMANN**  
Cutler  
AND  
Umbrella  
Manufact-  
urer,  
GRINDING  
451 Grove Street, MILWAUKEE, WIS.  
Near Scott St.

**KONRAD & BAUMANN**  
Dealers in  
**MEN'S and LADIES'**  
**Union Stamp Shoes**  
3215 Lisbon Ave.  
Phone West 361.

**H. F. STEINERT**  
**DRUGGIST**  
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY FILLED  
1112 Teutonia Avenue

**ANTON WEISS'**  
**Pharmacy**  
Cor. Eleventh and Greenfield Aves.  
Prescriptions Carefully Filled.

**Wm Gerhard**  
**907**  
THIRD STREET

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The only UNION TAILOR SHOP in Bay View.  
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**Coopers' Union No. 35—Meets 2nd**  
and 4th Tuesday at cor. 3rd and Wal-  
nut sts. Samuel McGinnis, Sec'y.,  
869 12th st.

**Coopers' Union No. 84—Meets 2nd**  
Wednesday at Schenkein's hall,  
Cudahy, W. E. Powell, Sec'y., Cudahy,  
Wis.

**Core Makers' Union No. 446—**  
Meets 1st and 3rd Friday at Green-  
field and Sixth av. C. L. Kuchinsky,  
Sec'y., c. o. 882 Garden st.

**District Board No. 10 of the In-**  
ternational Association of Machinists,  
Meets 1st Saturday every month at  
505 National av. (Schlitz Tivoli Bldg.  
room 8). E. M. Brah, Sec'y-Treas.,  
168 Ogden av.

**Dock Hoisting Engineers and Fire-**  
men's Union No. 27—Meets 1st and  
3rd Monday at 318 State st. H. Mc-  
Intosh, Sec'y., 907 Hibernia av.

**Electrical Workers' Union No. 83**  
—Meets every Saturday at 318 State  
st. F. H. Wilcox, Sec'y., c. o. 432  
Second av. Witters, business apt.,  
318 State st.

**Electrical Workers' Union No. 494.**  
Paul A. Schroeder, Sec'y.

**Elevator Constructors' Union No.**  
11—Meets 1st and 3rd Friday at 3416 Park  
11th av.

**Federated Trades Council—Meets**  
1st and 3rd Wednesday at 208 4th st.  
John Reichert, Sec'y., 318 State st.  
F. J. Weber business apt., 318 State.

**Federal Labor Union No. 8002**  
—Meets 1st and 3rd Monday at 13th  
av. and Fond du Lac av. Peter Graf,  
Sec'y., 274 23rd st.

**Feeders, Helpers and Job Press-**  
men's Union No. 27—Meets 1st Fri-  
day at 4th and 3rd sts. Geo. E.  
Brown, Sec'y., 653 6th st.

**Garment Workers' Union No. 71—**  
Meets 2nd and 4th Friday at 318 State  
st. E. Hamell, Sec'y., 1605 State st.

**Garment Workers' Union No. 101—**  
Meets 2nd and 4th Friday, 809 11th  
Tentonia av. Anton Pappe, Jr., Sec'y., 648  
14th st.

**Glass Blowers' Union No. 15—**  
Meets 1st and 3rd Sunday, A. M., at  
651 Kinnickinnic av. Fred. Jackson,  
Sec'y., 271 Graham st.

**Glove Cutters' Union No. 37—Meets**  
2nd and 4th Friday at 274 Third st.  
Fred. Koepfke, Sec'y., 704 Green-  
bush st.

**Glove Workers' Union No. 6—**  
Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday at cor.  
Prairie and 3rd sts. Anna M. Egan,  
Sec'y., 361 Washington st.

**Hair Cut and Comb Drivers' Un-**  
ion No. 700—Meets 1st and 3rd Sun-  
day evening at 208 4th st. Emil J.  
Kasik, Sec'y., 500 Center st.

**Holmes Lodge No. 3, (Apprentices)**  
—Meets 1st and 3rd Monday at  
Jack's hall, cor. 6th and Greenfield  
aves. Hugo Herman, Rec. Sec'y.,  
506 2nd av.

**Horseshoers' Union No. 11—Meets**  
2nd and 4th Tuesday, cor. Prairie and  
3rd sts. M. T. Lyons, Sec'y., 861  
Warren av.

**Iron Molders' Union No. 121—**  
Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday at  
Brumer's hall Eleventh and Wash-  
ington. P. Breutmann, Sec'y., 472  
15th av.

**Iron Molders' Union No. 125—**  
Meets every Thursday at Harmonie  
hall, 1st av. and Mineral st. Fred  
Grundmann, Sec'y., 550 Grove st.

**Iron Molders' Union No. 166—**  
Meets 2nd and 4th Friday at Chest-  
nut and 7th sts. Fred. Braatz, Sec'y.,  
834 20th st.

**Journeyman Tailors' Union No. 86**  
—Meets 1st and 3rd Monday at 318  
State st. Wm. Bauman, Sec'y., 1316  
Booth st.

**Lake Pilots' No. 2, W. L. Fulston,**  
Sec'y., 134 4th st.

**Lake Seamen's Union—Meets every**  
Monday at 133 Clinton st. Martin  
Farell, Sec'y., 133 Clinton st.

Continued on page 11

**He Represents the Trainmen.**  
W. T. Lee, assistant grand  
master of the Brotherhood of Rail-  
way Trainmen, has been in Mil-  
waukee since the firemen began  
their convention and has twice ad-  
dressed them.

**Local Labor Notes.**  
Typographical Union No. 23  
voted one hundred dollars to the  
Auditorium fund at its meeting last  
Sunday. The Brewery unions have  
made a proposition to give a thou-  
sand dollars provided they are given  
the privilege of renting the Audi-  
torium for the first ball to be given  
in the new structure.

The Allis-Chalmers company is  
still pursuing the striking Molder  
with injunctions. This injunction  
business is getting to be such an  
old story that a striker who hasn't  
been served with his daily "injunet"  
does not feel quite right!

The police are talking of disarm-  
ing the strike breakers. They  
ought to!

**UNION BREAD.**  
The following down-town restau-  
rants use union-label bread:  
Jacobs, Third and State streets.  
U. S. Restaurant, Third street, near  
Second Ward bank.  
Frita Bethke, E. Water and Mason  
streets.  
Moll & Thane, E. Water and Mich-  
igan streets.  
Kneel Restaurant, Mason, between  
E. Water street and Broadway.  
Hart Hotel, Michigan street, between  
Jefferson and Jackson streets.  
Winslow Hotel, Milwaukee st., opposite  
Academy.

**Union Drivers.**  
The following liverymen in Mil-  
waukee can furnish union drivers  
on request. Their barns are not  
unionized, but they employ some  
union men. When ordering a rig  
in list on a union driver:  
C. J. Crocker, 277 Milwaukee st.  
Fass & Nicolai, 730 Third st.  
L. A. Jung, 2425 Vliet st.  
M. A. Kohn, 860 36th st.  
Geo. Lepper, 506 Eleventh st.  
Dan Mahoney, 552 Highland Pl.  
Sam. R. Miller, 239 Market st.  
John Nolan, 140 Detroit st.  
Chas. Rappolt, 304 Eighth st.  
Rich. G. Strandl, 1105 Fourth st.  
Wm. Tegen, 609 Tenth st.  
Geo. Woelfel, 429 24 1/2 st.  
Steve White, 726 Milwaukee st.

**WEDDING RINGS**  
— OUR SPECIALTY —  
Also a full line of SILVERWARE, CUT  
GLASS, and CLOCKS, suitable for Wed-  
ding Gifts at the lowest possible prices.  
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...JEWELER...  
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**Rheude's**  
**BUSINESS COLLEGE**  
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Write for catalogue.

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Phone, Red 5242. MILWAUKEE.

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FIRST CLASS UP-TO-DATE MUSIC  
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607 This ad. and 1/2 cent. entitles you to a  
25c bottle of our famous cough cure. "K"  
Cut it out and bring to our store.

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**The Tinsmiths**  
GALVANIZED IRON WORK  
FINE PROOF WINDOWS  
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All Orders Promptly Filled To.

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EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT  
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**BIG REDUCTION**  
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**Bicycles and Racycles**  
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CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS  
SOLE AGENT for The Miami Cycle and Manufacturing Company, Middletown, Ohio.  
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481 THIRD STREET, Cor. Cherry St.  
Telephone White 9028  
Store open Evenings until 10 o'clock. Sunday until Noon.

**COAL-WOOD-COKE**  
HELP US WIPE OUT THE DEFICIT ON THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD BY ORDERING YOUR COAL, WOOD AND COKE OF MR.  
**HERMAN W. BISTORIUS**  
Phone Grand 2384. 944 Sixth Street.

**Victor L. Berger**  
ARE YOUR HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS INSURED?  
Four dollars for Fire Insurance for three years in 24 ordinary frames dwelling in a small charge insuring the protection furnished. Can you afford to take the chance of fire? Insurance is so cheap! A postcard or telephone call will bring all the facts at once.  
PHONE GRAND 2384.  
**LIFE INSURANCE**  
FIRE  
344 SIXTH STREET  
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

# Social-Democratic Party News.

**WISCONSIN.**  
Comrade Lowell of Canton reports an increase of 100 per cent. in the Social-Democratic vote at Canton. Keep up the good work.  
Another local has been organized at Monroe.  
Comrade Gauthier of Ashland is keeping the columns of the capitalist papers hot. He writes a column of "labor notes" every now and again.  
**HUDSON:** Comrade Goebel reports a fine meeting here. The mayor of the city was present and agreed that Socialism was all right. Comrades are now arranging for a big Gaylord meeting.  
Comrade Goebel writes:—"In about three weeks 17 papers have printed from one column to column and half synopsis of my speeches, this being accomplished by giving them the matter in typewritten or printed form."  
Don't forget the campaign fund. There must be at least 10,000 Socialists or sympathizers in Wisconsin who have not as yet contributed to our fund.  
**LA CROSSE:** Comrade Goebel has a very successful meeting here. He says the woods are full of Socialists, and they'll swarm out on election day. The comrades are busy as bees now arranging for a big meeting for Gaylord on Saturday, Sept. 15.  
Nearly \$360.00 have been contributed on the campaign fund up to date. That's splendid. Let the good work go on. What we have received has enabled us to start the campaign in good shape. Now for the real battle. Let us roll up a good fund so as to make the campaign as effective as possible.  
The state secretary is trying to get Comrade Fred K. Strickland for

two weeks or so during the campaign.  
**PRAIRIE DU CHIEN:** Comrade Gaylord is to speak here on Friday night, September, 14th. The comrades are advertising the meeting big and a great time is expected. One of the old party candidates for the assembly says he would like to debate with Comrade Strickland. We are not sure that we can get him but he can rest assured that we will be able to accommodate him with some of our speakers. Comrade Cray says that the interest in Socialism is increasing rapidly.  
**SHEBOYGAN:** The comrades say they are going to elect another Social-Democrat to the State Legislature from here. Our candidate is Comrade Genshildorf, who is a member of the Carpenters Union, and a man of splendid character. He stands a good show of election. Comrades, we must raise money and send a flood of literature into these points, and reinforce the movement with good speakers, and elect our man if possible. We are going to arrange for a hot campaign in Sheboygan and Sheboygan County.

**FOND DU LAC:** Comrade Shiner writes that the local will spend from 15 to 30 dollars if necessary in preparation for the Gaylord meeting. That's the work that counts.  
**ODANAH:** Comrade Morrison, a graduate of Carlisle, has arranged to have Comrade Gaylord speak at Odanah on Sunday, October 7. When the old party candidates went to the Indians in that part of the state, asking them to sign nomination papers, the Indians refused to sign. They said, "we are Social-Democrats. We propose to vote the Social-Democratic ticket." Even an Indian can see through the old party political schemes.

**The Campaign Fund.**  
The present situation in Wisconsin gives the Social-Democratic party a splendid opportunity. The Democratic party has always stood for capitalism. During the last few years the La Follette reformers have promised that they would do something for the people against the corporations. Thousands of people who were really Socialists at heart voted with the La Follette reformers because they thought there was a chance to get something immediately. But now the reformers have been completely routed by the conservative or capitalist elements in the Republican party. Stalwarts and the capitalists are now in control. This leaves the field clear and makes it certain that the only hope which the people of Wisconsin have against the encroachments of the corporations is in the Social-Democratic party. Now, therefore, we must redouble our efforts in order to take advantage of this opportunity. We want to send out more speakers than ever before, and put them into every possible part of the state. We want to publish and have circulated tons of literature. We want to publish all the Socialist articles we can in the different papers. We must not let a single opportunity escape us.  
In order to do all this every one of our friends and sympathizers must get busy and keep busy from now till election. And the first thing to do is for every one to send in his contribution to the campaign fund. If you have not received a subscription list send in and get one. And, of course, you do not need to wait until you get the paper before you send in your contribution. You can send that any time. But we want you to get others to help.  
We ought to raise several thousand dollars for this campaign. And if every one will do his duty we will make the greatest campaign for Socialism that any American state has ever seen.  
Some \$360.00 has been raised already and this has made it possible to do the preliminary work of the primary election, and has kept Comrade Goebel at work for two months.  
Now for the big campaign! All aboard for Madison! All aboard for Washington! Send in rapid fire contributions.

**Social-Democratic Speakers.**  
The Social-Democratic party of Wisconsin is preparing for a mighty campaign. Comrade Winfield R. Gaylord, our candidate for Governor, is now in the field and will make every possible speech between now and the election. The state board has made arrangements for Comrade Frank Weber, General Organizer of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor, to lecture, especially in the industrial centers of the state from Sept. 20th to Oct. 10th. Emil Seidel, the Social-Democratic alderman from the 20th ward of Milwaukee, who has made the capitalist politicians so much trouble, will make a short tour to lecture in German, from Oct. 6 to Oct. 15.  
Arrangements have also been made to have Comrade Moses Hull, our candidate for congress in the first district, give all the time that he can possibly spare to the campaign in the first district. Speakers are being sent every week to Racine, Kenosha, and Sheboygan. Comrade Walter Thomas Mills and Seymour Stedmann of Chicago will

help in the Milwaukee County fight. And besides some 25 local speakers will give battle to capitalism here.  
It is absolutely necessary for the locals that desire any assistance in the way of public speaking to make their application for speakers immediately. So, comrades, if you want a Social-Democratic speaker in your section, you must let us know at once. Please write to the State Organizer, Carl D. Thompson, 344 Sixth street, Milwaukee.  
Isn't it jolly to see the plutocrats keep the "reformers" that want to do something-right away - hopping back and forth first into the La Follette-Roosevelt-Republican side-show and then back into the Bryan-Hearst-Democratic side-show. By and by these poor unfortunates will land in the Social-Democratic party, where they can do some consistent work for the cause of the common people, the working class.

**State Treasurer's Report for August.**  
Aug. 1, Cash on hand \$105.16  
Receipts from State Sec'y 123.39  
Total \$228.55  
Aug. 1, E. H. Thomas for postage .50  
M. Langers salary to .90  
Aug. 4, E. H. Thomas for postage .25  
E. H. Thomas for postage 1.00  
E. H. Thomas for postage 2.00  
M. Langers salary to .90  
Aug. 11, E. H. Thomas for postage 1.00  
E. H. Thomas for postage .25  
E. H. Thomas for postage .20  
C. D. Thompson salary and expenses 58.68  
J. Mahlon Barnes for national dues 66.00  
Social-Democratic Publ. Co. for printing 3.00  
E. H. Thomas for postage .50  
Social-Democratic Publ. Co. on ac. 9.85  
Social-Democratic Publ. Co. for books .10  
M. Henderson stenographer service .50  
E. H. Thomas for postage .70  
E. H. Thomas for postage .20  
Western Union Tel. Co. telegram to G. H. Goebel .20  
E. H. Thomas for postage .35  
M. Langers salary to Aug. 18 5.00  
E. H. Thomas for postage .30  
Social-Democratic Publ. Co. for paste .40  
E. H. Thomas for postage 2.00  
M. Schultis salary to Aug. 25 5.50  
C. D. Thompson advanced for printing 20.00  
E. H. Thomas for postage .23  
E. H. Thomas for postage .50  
E. H. Thomas for postage 1.00  
Western Union Tel. Co. telegram to G. H. Goebel .25  
U. S. Ex. Co. express charges on papers .10  
American Ex. Co. .26  
Total \$216.91  
Total Receipts \$228.55  
Expenditures 216.91  
Sept. 1—Cash on hand \$115.54  
J. Reichert  
Treas., S. D. P. of Wis.

**State Secretary's Financial Report for August.**  
Cash on hand Aug. 1. \$46.44  
Dues Received:  
1 of Balsam Lake \$2.00  
Members at large 2.60  
1 of Beloit 3.90  
14 of Milwaukee 6.00  
1 of New Holstein 1.00  
1 of Irma 1.20  
2 of Milwaukee 12.00  
17 of Milwaukee 6.00  
1 of Oconto .60  
1 of Fenwood 2.70  
1 of Keweenaw 2.10  
1 of Waupaca 1.35  
1 of Clarno 3.45  
17 of Milwaukee 6.00  
1 of Boyceville .45  
1 of Milwaukee 2.00  
1 of Marinette 3.90  
11 of Milwaukee 15.00  
1 of Clifford 4.05  
8 of Milwaukee 3.00  
1 of Park Falls 1.05  
6 of Milwaukee 5.00  
16 of Milwaukee 3.00  
1 of Lennon 1.80  
1 of Michicot 2.25  
9 of Milwaukee 6.00  
1 of Ladysmith 2.25  
1 of Thiensville 1.00  
20 of Milwaukee 13.00  
1 of Kiel 2.25  
1 of Pardeeville 3.75  
1 of Sheboygan Falls 5.40  
19 of Milwaukee 9.00  
Total \$142.55  
Sale of Leaflets .90  
Sale of Buttons 3.00  
Proceeds of Picnic 20.00  
Collection, Goebel Meeting 2.65  
Total receipts 215.60  
Paid J. Reichert 123.39  
Cash on hand Aug. 31 92.21

**Branches, Take Notice!**  
The following precinct committee meetings, in the various wards, towns, and villages, to select a chairman for their various districts, to represent the districts on the county committee, Social-Democratic party, will be held at the following places on the following dates, at 8 P. M. These being adjourned meetings from September 6th, 1906.  
1st ward, Sept. 11, at 836 North Water st.  
2nd ward, Sept. 21, at Brewer's hall, 4th and Chestnut sts.  
4th ward, Sept. 20, at 190 8th st.  
5th ward, Sept. 20, at 582 Washington st.  
6th ward, Sept. 14, at 594 4th st.  
8th ward, Sept. 14, at Mann's hall, 4th and Mineral st.  
9th ward, Sept. 20, at 1216 Cherry st.  
10th ward, Sept. 11, at Wisconsin hall, cor. 12th and Lee sts.  
11th ward, Sept. 14, at Bulgrin's hall, cor. 9th and Orchard st.  
12th ward, Sept. 13, at Hoeft's hall, 961 Kinnickinnic ave.  
13th ward, Sept. 21, at Raasch's hall, cor. 3rd and Wright sts.  
14th ward, Sept. 20, at Schacht's hall, cor. 12th and Lincoln aves.  
15th ward, Sept. 18, at 1803 Vliet st.  
16th ward, Sept. 13, at 38 29th st.  
17th ward, Sept. 13, at Odd Fellows hall, cor. Potter and Kinnickinnic aves.  
18th ward, Sept. 14, at 490 Cramer st.  
19th ward, Sept. 12, at 3109 Lincoln ave.  
22nd ward, Sept. 14, at 2714 North ave.  
23rd ward, Sept. 14, at Zimmermann's hall, cor. 15th and Greenfield ave.  
West Allis, Belau's residence, 51st and Mitchell st., Sept. 20.  
Cudahy, Scheinbein's hall, Cudahy, Wis., Sept. 20.  
So. Milwaukee, Sept. 20, at the residence of O. Perganda, S. Mil.  
Town of Milwaukee, Sept. 20, at A. Schultz cor. Nash and Kent aves.  
Town of Greenfield, Sept. 20, at Dietrich's hall, 24th and Lincoln aves.  
Wauwatosa (Town), Sept. 18,

**MILWAUKEE.**  
Get busy with your literature in branches now, comrades, order your papers from campaign committee and get to work.  
How about your subscription card for the campaign this fall? Are you getting donations? Remember, the battle is on and we are to win this battle, therefore hustle that card along as fast as possible, comrades, so we can carry on the work.  
Please do not forget that first grand Entertainment and Ball arranged by the 2nd Ward Branch, S. D. P., at the North Side Turner hall, Sunday, September 30. See ad in this paper.  
Comrades Mills and Barnes, of Chicago, have already been secured for the fall campaign. Comrade Barnes will speak here the early part of October, while Mills is booked for eight days during the latter part of October and until the 6th of November.  
Comrade Edmund T. Melms, the candidate for congress on the Social-Democratic ticket in the fourth district, will commence his noon-day campaign on or about September 24. Watch these columns next week for the dates, where noon-day meetings will be held.  
The 13th Ward comrades are busy at work bustling out tickets and making the necessary arrangements for their first grand Entertainment and Ball, which has been arranged for on Sunday Oct. 21, at the Humboldt hall.  
A number of the branches, including the women's clubs, are arranging for prize card parties, to be held in the near future. Watch these columns for dates.  
Don't forget to make a donation to the campaign fund, it matters not how small. Every little bit helps.  
Comrades A. J. Welch, the candidate for congress in the fifth district and Wm. F. Thiel, our candidate for district attorney, are arranging for several noon-day meetings at the factories in about ten days.  
The 17th Ward held its first Harvest Fest at Huelsbeck's hall last Saturday evening, and it proved a grand success. Dancing was indulged in until early morning hours, and all who attended spent an enjoyable time.  
Some of the Branches have already secured halls for political meetings in their respective districts. Amongst them is the 20th, 9th and 10th Wards.  
Comrade E. T. Melms spoke before the Blacksmiths' Union last Saturday night. On the 23rd of this month he will address the Beer Bottlers' at their meeting place, cor. 3rd and Walnut streets. He has also received quite a number of invitations to address a number of unions the latter part of this month. Next Saturday he will speak on the corner of Grove st. and National avenue, at 8 o'clock.  
All of the speakers are rounding up in fine form for the fall campaign.  
Don't forget the conference meeting at the Freie Gemeinde hall tonight, comrades. The conference will be called to order at 8 P. M.

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E. H. Thomas for postage .20  
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M. Langers salary to Aug. 18 5.00  
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Social-Democratic Publ. Co. for paste .40  
E. H. Thomas for postage 2.00  
M. Schultis salary to Aug. 25 5.50  
C. D. Thompson advanced for printing 20.00  
E. H. Thomas for postage .23  
E. H. Thomas for postage .50  
E. H. Thomas for postage 1.00  
Western Union Tel. Co. telegram to G. H. Goebel .25  
U. S. Ex. Co. express charges on papers .10  
American Ex. Co. .26  
Total \$216.91  
Total Receipts \$228.55  
Expenditures 216.91  
Sept. 1—Cash on hand \$115.54  
J. Reichert  
Treas., S. D. P. of Wis.

**Branches, Take Notice!**  
The following precinct committee meetings, in the various wards, towns, and villages, to select a chairman for their various districts, to represent the districts on the county committee, Social-Democratic party, will be held at the following places on the following dates, at 8 P. M. These being adjourned meetings from September 6th, 1906.  
1st ward, Sept. 11, at 836 North Water st.  
2nd ward, Sept. 21, at Brewer's hall, 4th and Chestnut sts.  
4th ward, Sept. 20, at 190 8th st.  
5th ward, Sept. 20, at 582 Washington st.  
6th ward, Sept. 14, at 594 4th st.  
8th ward, Sept. 14, at Mann's hall, 4th and Mineral st.  
9th ward, Sept. 20, at 1216 Cherry st.  
10th ward, Sept. 11, at Wisconsin hall, cor. 12th and Lee sts.  
11th ward, Sept. 14, at Bulgrin's hall, cor. 9th and Orchard st.  
12th ward, Sept. 13, at Hoeft's hall, 961 Kinnickinnic ave.  
13th ward, Sept. 21, at Raasch's hall, cor. 3rd and Wright sts.  
14th ward, Sept. 20, at Schacht's hall, cor. 12th and Lincoln aves.  
15th ward, Sept. 18, at 1803 Vliet st.  
16th ward, Sept. 13, at 38 29th st.  
17th ward, Sept. 13, at Odd Fellows hall, cor. Potter and Kinnickinnic aves.  
18th ward, Sept. 14, at 490 Cramer st.  
19th ward, Sept. 12, at 3109 Lincoln ave.  
22nd ward, Sept. 14, at 2714 North ave.  
23rd ward, Sept. 14, at Zimmermann's hall, cor. 15th and Greenfield ave.  
West Allis, Belau's residence, 51st and Mitchell st., Sept. 20.  
Cudahy, Scheinbein's hall, Cudahy, Wis., Sept. 20.  
So. Milwaukee, Sept. 20, at the residence of O. Perganda, S. Mil.  
Town of Milwaukee, Sept. 20, at A. Schultz cor. Nash and Kent aves.  
Town of Greenfield, Sept. 20, at Dietrich's hall, 24th and Lincoln aves.  
Wauwatosa (Town), Sept. 18,

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Wauwatosa (Town), Sept. 18,

# A Friend in Need, Is a Friend Indeed!

Selfishness and corruption has placed its cruel and unrelenting grasp on the people and by the use of which capital in its fight for the almighty dollar has bribed the intellect and power of the press to condition the minds of the people to accept without demur the bonds of wage slavery. It is this great struggle for humanity that brings to ones mind the fight that is being waged against this unrelenting foe of the people by the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, which has been a friend in need. Every worker, every wage-earner has a part in this struggle and it is to them we must look to furnish the sinews by which we may continue.  
That we may do this successfully we ask you to come into our fold and become a share holder in the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, enlist in the fight for the emancipation of the people from the hands of the corrupt money power; thus, becoming a subscriber to the HERALD for life and adding your name to those whose wish it is to keep to the front until the battle is won, and become a friend in need. As a stock-holder in the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD you will not only receive the paper free of charge for life but will have an active voice in the management of the paper and bring you into closer relation with those whose life work has been for the people.  
Fill in the blank below and send it at once:

**STOCK SUBSCRIPTION**  
To the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co  
344 Sixth street, Milwaukee, Wis.  
I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of shares of the capital stock of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to the said Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company for each share so subscribed the sum of five dollars in cash or in monthly installments of not less than fifty cents, due and payable on and before the last day of each month, the first installment to accompany the application for stock, and each paid-up share to have one vote. It is understood that each paid up share-holder gets the Social-Democratic Herald for life.  
No. of Shares ..... Name.....  
Amount ..... Address.....

at Hentschell's hall, cor. 29th and Grand aves.  
Town of Lake, Sept. 18, at 246 Highland ave.  
**WATCH THESE DATES.**  
SUNDAY, Sept. 30. Grand Entertainment and Ball, 2nd Ward Branch, North Side Turner hall.  
SATURDAY, Oct. 13. Socialist Macnerchor. Liedertafel Hall, cor. 7th and Prairie sts.  
SUNDAY, Oct. 28th. Grand Entertainment and Ball, 9th Ward Branch, North Side Turner hall.  
SUNDAY, Oct. 21. 13th Ward Branch. Grand Ball and Entertainment. Humboldt hall.  
SATURDAY, Nov. 17. Grand Minstrel Performance by the Social-Democratic Minstrel Troupe, Bahn Frei Hall.  
SATURDAY, Nov. 24. Social-Democratic Minstrel at South Side Armory hall.  
SUNDAY, Nov. 25. Grand Entertainment and Ball. 21st Ward Branch, Humboldt hall.  
SATURDAY, Dec. 1. Grand Minstrel performance at Humboldt hall.  
SUNDAY, Dec. 2. Aurora Singing Society. Entertainment and Ball. South Side Turner hall.  
SATURDAY, Dec. 8. Social-Democratic Minstrels at South Side Turner hall.  
SATURDAY, April 13, 1907 6th, 13th and 21st Wards consolidated Ball at West Side Turner hall.  
SATURDAY, Jan. 26, 1907, 20th Ward Prize Mask Ball. Bahn Frei Turner hall.  
**MEETINGS NEXT WEEK.**  
Meetings to be held in Milwaukee County next week by the various branches.  
TUESDAY, Sept. 18, 8 P. M. 15th Ward Branch, 1803 Vliet street.  
THURSDAY, Sept. 20, 8 P. M. Layton Park Branch, Dietrich's hall, cor. 24th st. and Lincoln ave. West Allis Branch, Residence of F. Belau, 51st ave., two blocks north of National ave.  
14th Ward Branch, Schacht's hall, 12th and Lincoln aves.  
5th Ward Branch, Socialist Home, 382 Washington st.  
9th Ward Branch, 1216 Cherry street.  
Town of Milwaukee Branch, A. Schultz's residence, cor. of Nash st. and Kent ave.  
4th Ward Branch, 190 8th st.

**JOE BECKER**  
UNION-MADE SHOES  
621 Third St.  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**UNION HAT CO.**  
BEST  
\$3.00 & \$2.00 Hats  
All Union-Made.  
224 GRAND AVE.

**BOTTLED MILK A SPECIALTY**  
THE  
**AMERICAN DAIRY**  
O. E. SIEGMUND, Prop.  
MILK AND CREAM  
FANCY GROCERIES  
Orders Promptly Delivered.  
Telephone Grand 68. 1523 Vliet Street.

**The MUELLER FUEL & SUPPLY CO.**  
**COAL** COKE and WOOD  
Building Supplies  
OFFICE AND YARDS :: 3007 BROWN ST.  
PHONE WEST 748  
All Orders Delivered by Union Teamsters

**SAM. R. MILLER'S LIVERY**  
339 MARKET STREET. Only Union Drivers Employed.  
Can furnish at any time services of first-class Undertaker, Embalmer and Funeral Director—also best hearse in the United States  
First-Class Coaches \$4.00 Carriages for Weddings \$4.00  
TELEPHONE MAIN 3781. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.





No. 61. Welsbach  
Fancy Shade  
Diffuses and Softens the Light  
No Chimney to Break

**Constant, Intelligent Care of Your Gas Lamps Gives You Good Light**

**Put That Up To Us**

"We have specially trained a corps of men who are at all times at your service."

"They will examine and adjust your lamps and find causes of poor light—"

**Free of Charge**

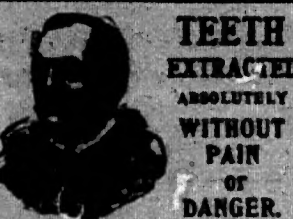
"If you need to purchase mantles or other materials to put your lights in perfect shape, these will be put on without extra charge."



See the Gas Co.

**WORK FOR YOUR OWN INTEREST**

By buying from the merchants who advertise in the Social-Democratic Herald, make it to the interest of the advertiser to use our paper as a medium to let you know what he has to offer in his line of business by showing him returns for money spent with us. Thus you will be furthering the party's interests by helping pay the running expenses of the paper and, therefore, reducing the financial burdens of the comrades.



TEETH EXTRACTED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN OR DANGER.

New Teeth, bent and front. Manufactured. \$3.00  
7th guaranteed or money refunded.  
Standard Crowns and Bridges. \$5.00  
Teeth. \$1.00  
Fine Fillings a leading specialty.  
We guarantee complete satisfaction, give honest, intelligent advice free and do not deceive anybody.

**DR. YOUNG,** 414-416 Broadway, Milwaukee.  
Hours: 9:30 to 5, Sundays 9 to 12.  
Phone 2394 GRAM.  
CONRAD'S, YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

**BORCHARDT BROS.,**  
TAILORS AND FURNISHERS.  
347-349 Grove St., Milwaukee.  
Phone 2453 Main.

**Otto C. Laabs**  
**DRUGGIST**  
1009 7th St., Cor. 22.

## AT THE THEATERS.

### DAVIDSON.

There is nothing on the list of bookings at the Davidson that is more sure of a cordial reception than "The Lion and the Mouse," the play which scored such an enormous and deserved success here last spring, and which returns here with a splendid cast next Sunday night to remain for the week, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. "The Lion and the Mouse" is now in its second year in New York city and is one of the big events in theatrical circles. People who have seen the play in Chicago, tell us it is one of most powerful plays they have ever seen.

### ALHAMBRA.

"The Volunteer Organist," which opens at the Alhambra tomorrow matinee for the week, was inspired by the song of like name, both by the same author, William B. Gray. The production is a high priced one and now in its seventh year there is no sign of any diminution in its prosperity. The central figure is a clergyman of advanced ideas, liberal, broad-minded, in the rural district of Vermont, who encounters



Dorothy Gish, child actress with "The Volunteer Organist" — Alhambra.

much opposition to his advanced thinking. One of the scenes is a snow storm and the rescue of two little tots from the blinding drifts. Two St. Bernard dogs are trained to this service. They are named Monarch and Mardo and have but recently arrived from Switzerland. At the matinees Tuesday and Thursday lady visitors will receive handsome Japanese hand painted cups and saucers, a memento of the visit of "The Volunteer Organist."

### CRYSTAL THEATER.

George Fox and company at the Crystal the coming week will give a new comedy sketch, entitled "Moving Day." Mr. Fox has just closed fifty-seven weeks with the musical comedy "The Land of Nod," in which he was seen here as the Sandman. His present act was written expressly for him by Edith Ellis Baker, who has many successes to her credit. The part in which Mr. Fox displays unusual talent as a pantomimist.

### STAR THEATER.

The Dreamland Burlesquers will hold the stage of the Star at next week and the performance will include Dave Marion in the 2-act musical play, "Roseland." Ladies' souvenir day Friday Amateur night Thursday evening.

### BIJOU THEATER.

Miss Rose Melville is making her eighth consecutive tour in "Sis Hopkins" and comes to the Bijou beginning tomorrow afternoon for a week. "Sis Hopkins" is one of the most popular plays which has been staged in 20 years. Each season sees an increase in interest.

## Warning!

It has been repeatedly brought to our notice that certain solicitors for coal are calling on our readers and representing themselves as being in our employ and claiming that the party and the papers will get the benefit by placing orders with them. Pay no attention whatever to the claims of anyone, but order your Coal, Wood and Coke direct from our office, 344 Sixth street. It is the only way to make sure that the Social-Democratic movement will get the benefit. Comrades F. KOLL, J. HULL and J. C. KRAMER are our only authorized solicitors.

**HERMAN W. BISTORIUS**  
Phone Grand 2394. 344 Sixth St.

**Adolph Hennrich** 271 3rd St.  
Phone 603 Grand  
SAMPLE ROOM and BOTTLE HOUSE

in the fortunes of the simple and old-fashioned country girl of Posey County, Indiana; the girl with the funny pig-tailed hair, the gingham pinafore and the "snake-time" dance; the girl with the gentle, abashed manner and the



Rose Melville in "Sis Hopkins" — Bijou.

keen wit and the homely philosophic form of speech. This season Ohadish, the undertaker's assistant, has a new lot of tombstone epitaphs.

To every lady purchasing an orchestra or dress circle seat for either Tuesday or Thursday matinee of "The Volunteer Organist" a coupon will be given, upon presentation of this coupon, at the theatre entrance, after the matinee, bearer will receive a beautiful hand painted China Cup and saucer.

The Crystal Theater has secured the 17 Pkyn Zouaves, who made the big hit at the State Fair. They will do their wonderful drill and wall scaling act all next week.

### Campaign Fund.

E. Gimple	.....\$ .25
Bertie Altr	.....2.00
C. Bruhn	.....50
A. Hartwig	.....1.00
J. Z.	.....50
H. Petersen	.....10
Y. Minkowski	.....10
G. Kerschowsky	.....10
A. Grether	.....10
H. Wessby	.....20
C. Claus	.....10
M. Handle	.....10
F. Dentley	.....10
L. Neimer	.....10
H. Kollakowsky	.....10
W. Gerns	.....10
F. Reimer	.....20
A. Ferd	.....10
J. Dietz	.....10
J. Luczak	.....10
P. Keller	.....50
A. Neumann	.....10
A. Radmer	.....10
C. Laatsch	.....10
C. Milm	.....10
A. Mandel	.....10
J. Vungeten	.....10
M. Wolter	.....10
W. Berghahn	.....10
M. Radtke	.....10
S. Rollock	.....10
J. Powanski	.....10
M. Busse	.....10
J. Eberhardt	.....10
O. Wille	.....05
G. Schoenhoefer	.....10
R. Dethlaff	.....10
W. Patzfahl	.....25
M. Tekop	.....10
Killian	.....10
A. Eron	.....10
F. Shandy	.....25
W. Rebeck	.....10
P. Bismarck	.....10
V. Lewandowski	.....10
S. Wisniewski	.....10
H. Stoll	.....20
P. Rutzen	.....10
G. Hensenthaler	.....10
J. Dinjacek	.....10
J. Hoppe	.....10
W. Kam	.....10
C. Prider	.....10
C. Plughoeft	.....10
H. Tews	.....10
H. Plughoeft	.....10
N. Laur	.....10
11th ward branch	.....4.00

### Picnic Tickets.

Previously reported	.....\$47.50
Otto Schroeder	.....1.00
Chas. Wiesel	.....1.00
Dan'l Schmidt	.....50
Chas. Maske	.....1.00
Herman Krause	.....1.00
Chas. Krause	.....1.00
Frank Smika	.....55
A. Rhode	.....25
G. A. Ehrke	.....45
A. V. Tasse	.....1.00
Adolph Heumann	.....80
Rich. Fieschig	.....40
W. E. Brown	.....50
Morris Klatz	.....1.00
Christ. Bocher	.....1.00

\$47.75

Send Your Fuel Orders to H. W. Bistorius.

If you wish to avoid delay and annoyance place your fuel order at once. Later on when the weather gets colder there will be a flood of orders. It will take longer to deliver then. A word to the wise is sufficient.

By placing your orders here you assist the Labor Press and add to the agitation fund of the Social-Democratic party without one cent of extra expense to yourself.

All orders will be delivered by Union Teamsters. Certainly, as

this is the only way that Union men can employ Union men to make deliveries of this kind that we know of, every Union man will naturally act true to the pledge he has taken and place his orders here. Every union man ought to see that this is announced frequently at the meetings of his local.

Send your orders by postal or call at the office, 344 Sixth st. The office is open Sunday mornings from 9 o'clock to noon. Or, if you wish, telephone your order. Our number is Grand 2394.

H. W. BISTORIUS.

### Union Directory.—Cont'd from page 9.

Leather Workers on Horse Goods' No. 54—Meets 2nd and 4th Friday at 325 Chestnut st. W. Hayes, Sec'y., 528 Cass st.  
Lumber Handlers' Union No. 18—Meets 2nd and 4th Saturday, 6th and Greenfield aces. Herman Seetel, Sec'y., 557 3rd st.  
Lacem and Tarners' No. 300—Meets 2nd and 4th Friday at Ferry and South Water sts. W. Gnewuch, Sec'y., 745 Van Buren.  
Machinists' Union No. 66—Meets 1st and 3rd Friday at 226 Grand av. Oscar Palm, Sec'y., 1207 Louis av.  
Machinists' Union No. 234—Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday at 224-226 Grand av. J. A. Sargent, Sec'y., 644 1/2 35th st.  
Machinists' Union No. 248 (Night men)—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at P. M. at 395 National av. Chas. Meyer, Sec'y., 251 First av.  
Machinists' Union No. 300—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at Ball's hall, 3rd and National av. P. A. Stein, Sec'y., 941 Mound st.  
Machinists' Union No. 301—Meets 2nd and 4th Monday at Wine and 12th sts. J. H. Schulz, Sec'y., 1120 Richards st.  
Machinists' Union No. 432 S. Milwaukee—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday. O. Q. Brown, Sec'y., Box No. 432.  
Marble Workers' Union No. 45—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at 136 Fond du Lac av. H. A. Picnig, Sec'y., 1123 Burlington street.  
Marble Workers' Union No. 9—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday at Krueger's hall, 6th and Chestnut sts. Henry J. Du Frau, Sec'y., 2708 St. Paul av.  
Marine Cooks and Stewards' Ass'n No. 52—John Egan, Sec'y., 317 Florida.  
Metal Polishers' Union No. 10—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday at 18 State st. Geo. J. Berner, Sec'y., 836 7th st.

**OUR CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR**  
**WINFIELD R. GAYLORD**  
**IS NOW MAKING A CAMPAIGN TOUR OF THE STATE**  
See List of Dates in Another Column  
Also See Notice of Other Speakers Available for State Campaign

Musicians' Union No. 8—Meets 1st Tuesday at 298 4th st. H. Jacobus, 298 4th st.

Newspaper Writers' Union No. 9 E. H. Thomas, Sec'y., 344 Sixth st.

Painters' Local No. 109—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday, cor. Chestnut and 3rd sts. W. C. Lang, Sec'y., 456 3rd av.

Painters' Local No. 150—Meets every Tuesday, cor. Chestnut and 3rd sts. J. L. Reisse, Sec'y., 612 3rd st.

Painters' District Council—Meets at Painters' headquarters, 3rd and Chestnut sts. 1st and 3rd Wednesday. John Schweigert, Sec'y., 595 15th st.

Painters' Local No. 160—Meets every Friday at cor. Chestnut and 3rd sts. John Schweigert, Sec'y., 595 15th st.

Painters' Local No. 222—Meets every Monday, 3rd and Chestnut sts. G. A. Land, Sec'y., 274 35th st.

Pattern Makers Association—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday at 3rd and Prairie sts. R. Sauer, business agent, 306 National av. Chester Dantz, 87 National av.

Pattern Makers' Apprentices Association—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at Tivoli Bldg., Grove and National av. Room No. 9. Fred. French, Sec'y., 978 Lenox st.

Plasterers' Union No. 138—Meets every Wednesday, cor. 3rd and Prairie sts. Carl Meister, 1428 N. Pierce st.

Plumbers' Union No. 75—Meets every Monday at 3rd and Walnut sts. Chas. Canterbury, Sec'y., 263 8th st.

Printing Pressmen's Union No. 7—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at 413 East Water st. Robt. W. Voehl, Sec'y., 280 25th st.

Photo Engravers' Union No. 19—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday at 298 4th st. H. Schwarze, 658 27th st.

Plumber Laborers' Union—Meets 1st and 3rd Monday at Painters' headquarters, 3rd and 3rd and Prairie sts. A. R. Merner, Sec'y., 1346 Fond du Lac av.

Sign Painters' Union No. 922—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday, cor. Chestnut and 3rd sts. F. Tiesendorf, Sec'y., 3206 North av.

Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 21—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday, cor.

Shipwrights, Joiners and Caulkers' Union No. 30—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday at Greenfield and 6th aces. Henry Wetzel, Sec'y., 208 Williams st.

Hoisting and Portable Engineers' No. 130—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturday at 526 Chestnut st. James Hanton, Sec'y., West Allis, Box 257.

Stationary Firemen's No. 125—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturday at 526 Chestnut st.

Steamfitters' Local No. 18—Meets every Tuesday at 325 Chestnut st. Henry McNulty, Sec'y., 665 Holton st.

Steam Engineers' No. 331—Frank W. Neumer, Sec'y., 535 33rd st.

Stereotypers and Electrotypes, Union No. 12—Meets every 4th Tuesday 6:30 P. M. at s. w. cor. 3rd and State sts. Geo. N. Milm, Sec'y., 530 29th st.

Suspender Workers' Union No. 1063—Jennie Schneider, Sec'y., 546 20th st.

Tanners and Carriers' Union No. 57—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday at Koefel's hall, 3rd and Walnut sts. Emil Riesling, Sec'y., 1517 Green Bay av.

Telegraphers' Union No. 2—Meets 1st Tuesday at 351 Broadway, H. C. May, Sec'y., 366 Newhall st.

Theatrical Stage Employees' Union No. 18—Meets 1st and 3rd Friday at Academy hall, Chas. Joergensen, Sec'y., c. o. Academy of Music.

Tile Layers' Union—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday cor. 12th and Wine sts. Ed. Behling, Sec'y., 844 14th st.

Tobacco Workers' Union No. 18—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday at 318 State st. J. Kaslokovitz, 753 Grove.

Travelers' Goods and Leather Workers' Int. Union of A. No. 23—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday at 318 State st. A. Demske, Sec'y., 887 9th st.

Truck Drivers' Union No. 749—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday at 208 4th st. Nick Decker, Sec'y., 4117 Pabst av.

Typographical Union No. 23—Meets 2nd Sunday at 3rd and Prairie sts. Chas. J. Buehler, Sec'y., 318 State st.

Typographia No. 10—Meets at 325 Chestnut st. 4th Sunday. Christ Thren, 653 25th st.

Upholsterers' Union No. 29—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at 318 State st. H. H. Isermann, Sec'y., 615 2nd av.

Waiters' No. 64. Alb. Pio, Sec'y., 100 Walnut st.

Wood Workers' Union No. 8—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturday at 1326 Fond du Lac av. August Christ, Sec'y., 1339 12th st.

Coal, Wood and Coke Prices.

Egg, Stove, Nut,	Shoy	Carried
per ton	.....\$7.75	\$8.00
Pea, per ton	.....5.75	6.00
Buckwheat per ton	.....4.25	4.50
Hocking Screened		
Lump, per ton	.....4.50	4.75
Hocking Screened		
Nut, per ton	.....4.50	4.75
Pocahantas (egg and		
lump) screened, ton	.....6.00	6.25
Pocahantas, mine run		
per ton	.....4.50	4.75
Coke (egg or nut, ton)	.....5.50	5.50
Small Nut Coke, ton	.....5.00	5.00
Coke (egg or nut)		
half ton	.....3.00	3.00
Coke (small nut),		
half ton	.....2.75	2.75
Long Sawn,		
Maple Wood, per cord	.....\$8.50	\$9.50
Maple Slabs or Edgings		
per cord	.....7.50	8.50
Hemlock of Pine Slabs		
or Edgings, per cord	.....6.00	7.00
Hard Wood Kindling		
(Maple Flooring),		
per load	.....3.00	
Soft Wood Kindling,		
per load	.....2.00	

### Resolutions on Trade Unions

Passed by last National Socialist Convention.

The trade and labor union movement is a natural result of the capitalist system of production and is necessary to resist the encroachments of capitalism. It is a weapon to protect the class interests of labor under the capitalist system. However, this industrial struggle can only lessen the exploitation, but it cannot abolish it. The exploitation of labor will cease only when the working class shall own all the means of production and distribution. To achieve this end the working class must consciously become the dominant political power. The organization of the workers will not be complete until they unite on the political as well as the industrial field on the lines of the class struggle.

The trade union struggle cannot attain lasting success without the political activity of the Socialist party. The workers must fortify and permanently secure by their political power that they bring from their exploiters in the economic struggle. In accordance with the decisions of the International Socialist Congresses in Brussels, Zurich and London, this convention reaffirms the declaration that the trade and labor unions are a necessity in the struggle to aid in emancipating the working class, and we consider it the duty of all wage-workers to join with this movement.

Neither political nor other differences of opinion justify the division of the forces of labor in the industrial movement. The interests of the working class make it imperative that the labor organization equip their members for the great work of the abolition of wage slavery by educating them in Socialist principles.

A New and Convincing Argument for Socialism

**Mass and Class**  
By W. J. Ghent.

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The recent disclosures of fraud, corruption and bribery which fill every issue of the daily papers have made all classes of people more susceptible to Socialism than anything else probably could. It is therefore much easier to get people to subscribe for Socialist papers. Are you out hustling for subscribers?

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paid subscription solicitors and collectors. So, in order to get and retain readers it becomes necessary to go after them. Now who is going to do this work for Socialist papers? The subscription price is usually set low so that workingmen can afford to subscribe. There is nothing left, therefore, with which to pay solicitors. Not only is there nothing left but there is usually a big deficiency as well. How then are we going to get subscribers? It is certainly a difficult problem. It can only be solved by you, comrades. It is you, who, if you want to do your duty must take up this work of soliciting subscribers.

The person who purchases and pays for the greatest number of subscription cards during the months of July, August and September, will be given free of charge a \$30.00 BICYCLE. To the person who purchases and pays for the next largest number, a fine EDISON PHONOGRAPH. To the next person, a fine \$25.00 SEWING MACHINE, and to the person who purchases and pays for the

### FIRST PRIZE

A Schostak Bicycle



22-inch frame; color, Indian red with aluminum, half-inch stripes, standard one-piece Fauber hanger, Wheeler or Century saddle, adjustable handle bars, coaster brake, Bridgeport pedals, Diamond chain, Perfection anti-rust extra heavy spokes, leather grips, Triumph guaranteed tires.

### SECOND PRIZE

Standard Edison Phonograph



Equipment:—Model C. Reproducer, 14-inch horn, camel's hair chip brush, winding-crank, antique oak cabinet. Option—14-inch Morning Glory and Crane.

Size—Height, 10 3/4 inches. Base, 12 3/4 x 8 3/4 inches. Weight, net, 20 lbs.; gross, 45 lbs.

fourth largest number of subscription cards a GOLD WATCH. Only subscription cards purchased and paid for in advance will count in this contest.

Just to make it worth your while, the following offers are made:—

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Total ..... \$3.50  
ALL FOR ONLY \$2.00  
Postage, 5 cents extra.

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COMMENCING MATINEE SUNDAY  
THE BEAUTIFUL PASTORAL DRAMA  
**THE VOLUNTEER ORGANIST**  
With Famous Old Trinity Church, New York City, Choir Boys and a Distinguished Cast of Players

The Church Scene, Startling in Naturalness.  
The Snow Scene.

TO THE LADIES  
First Grand Souvenir Matinee  
Tuesday, Sept. 18th and  
Thursday, Sept. 20th.

## ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL

GIVEN BY  
**SECOND WARD BRANCH, S. D. P.**  
AT  
**NORTH SIDE TURN HALL**  
1019 Walnut Street  
**SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 30th, 1906**  
At 3 P. M.  
Tickets 15 Cents After 6 P. M. 25 Cents

## 30th ANNIVERSARY FESTIVAL

GIVEN BY THE  
**SOCIALIST MAENNERCHOR**  
OF MILWAUKEE  
**Saturday, October 20th, 1906**  
**LIEDERTAFEL HALL**  
7th and Prairie Streets  
Tickets 15c, at the Door 25c Commencing at 8 P. M. Sharp

## BIJOU

Beginning Matinee Sunday 2:30 P. M.  
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday  
8th—SEASON—8th  
The Artistic Comedienne  
**ROSE MELVILLE**  
In Her Pretty Pastoral Play  
**SIS HOPKINS**  
A Play of Human Heart Interest  
Next Attraction  
Fiske O'Hara, The Irish Tenor

## STAR

Twice Daily 2:30 and 8:15  
Prices 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c  
Commencing Sunday Matinee  
**Dreamland Burlesquers**  
Next Attraction: Merry Maidens

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Good Printing is the Mirror through which Character is Reflected.

## The Co-operative Printery

is prepared to put character into your printing that will be a standing advertisement.  
Call us up. Phone Grand 2394 and our Solicitor will call and Show you samples.  
342-344 Sixth Street

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for Boys and Girls  
AT  
**Ed. Hafemeister**  
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## DON'T GET YOUR DATES MIXED

# Four Big Minstrel Shows

For the Benefit of the  
**SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PRESS AND AGITATION FUNDS**  
Admission 25c a Person Watch For The Head Lines

W/2 No. 101 at  
**SAINT JOHN HALL, NOV. 17th**  
**SOUTH SIDE ARCADE, NOV. 24th**  
**BUMFORD TURN HALL, DEC. 1st**  
**SOUTH SIDE TURN HALL, DEC. 8th**

## Those Molder Conflicts.

The public is doubtless wondering whether Milwaukee will in time become as handy a place for "shooting irons" as the old frontier towns of Deadwood and Cripple Creek used to be. Certainly if the Milwaukee foundrymen are permitted much longer to import thugs as strike-breakers and arm them, with instructions to use the guns "if necessary," the temptation to use the guns will increase instead of decrease. When a thug has a gun he is glad to be told he can use it. On the other hand, the strike committee has seen to it from the start that no striker was to go armed. Business Agent Schwab, in charge of directing the strike, has repeatedly investigated to be sure that the pickets and other strikers bore themselves as peaceful citizens. On more than one occasion, when a strike-breaker tried to provoke a quarrel, the strikers have swallowed insults and walked away. On one or two occasions, where it was fought with no chance of getting away, the only way for an unarmed man to cope with one ready to pull a gun at any minute was to put the armed thug hors de combat before he had a chance to draw his weapon. But even in such instances, it is said, the men concerned have been union sympathizers rather than the strikers themselves. The armed thugs must go!

## WANTED!

Carpenters, Trucksmiths, and Laborers, at U. R. T. Co. Foot of Humboldt ave., city.

## DAVIDSON

Beginning Sunday Night and All Week  
**MR. HENRY B. HARRIS Presents**  
**THE LION AND THE MOUSE**  
By CHARLES KLEIN  
Popular Matinee Wednesday  
Prices 25c to \$1.00  
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## CRYSTAL

DAILY AT 2:30 7:45 and 9:30  
Geo. Fox & Company.  
**THE PEKIN ZOUAVES**  
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Bernice & Lee Mescott. Jack King.  
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MORNING AND NIGHT  
Good Stationery  
**BOATS** 3 P. M. Daily  
TO CHICAGO  
Fare \$1.00  
Round Trip \$1.50  
Boats Tail of Spooner St.

## Town Topics by the Town Crier.



It has been remarked on various occasions that the average capitalist alderman has no shame. It is a just criticism. Take the conduct of the capitalist party members of the council committee on street lights, for instance. Members of that committee had bellowed loudly about forcing Beggs into court with his books and about nothing but a reasonable price for the street lighting that Beggs is now doing without a contract. It was big noise and little wool!

When the matter really got up to the committee, lo and behold, these very fellows were for a back down. The city had been paying \$81 a light under a gilt edge contract (for Beggs' side of the bargain) for part of the lights, and yet these brilliant "servants of the people" had it all framed up that they would allow a rate of \$78 a light! And the kindly hearted Mr. Beggs smiled like a basket of chips and told the capitalist party aldermen what gentlemen they were and what naughty robbers the Social-Democrats were. In fact he almost felt like one of the committee, and sneered at one of the Socialists and told him he had no business to be an alderman—which, indeed, was true—from the corporation standpoint.

But that self-same Social-Democrat couldn't be sneered out of court, and brought in his little minority report, and it was so warm that when it was read in the council even the street lights committee didn't dare to oppose a motion to send the lighting proposition back for another hearing.

Then the honorable Mr. Beggs, still "cocky" with the idea that he had the capitalist party committeemen "in his vest pocket" sailed in to the Socialists a second time, and his roars of rage at the red flag fellows could be heard rolling and echoing all through the city hall corridors. He thought he had things his own way and delivered one of the lowest tirades of fish market vituperation ever heard in the committee room, and still the Social-Democratic alderman would not swerve from the line of duty. He insisted that \$65 would be a fair price for the light and urged the committee to force Beggs to show up his books in court. But the capitalist party aldermen were still without shame and reported back to the council that \$78 was the price that ought to be agreed on. They felt sure of it because Mr. Beggs had said it was a fair price. Still again the little minority report turned the tables and back the matter went to the committee again.

By his time the capitalist party aldermen without shame began to listen to what people were saying, and at their meeting Monday afternoon Ald. Melms had a regular field day. By the time the committee session had ended it had been decided to ask Beggs to give the council the right to look at the operating expense figures and the investment figures of his company—which means that the city will force the matter into court if it is necessary in order to escape the fleeing of the company on the light proposition.

Ald. Melms stuck to his proposal like a dog to a root through several unpleasant meetings, and nothing could shake him. He comes out of the fray victorious so far as the matter has now progressed. It is a case of one man forcing an entire committee to come to his standpoint, and the things that the foxy Beggs is saying under his breath wouldn't be at all printable! And the old party aldermen are still without shame, and are actually telling what great things they will do to the wily street railway manager when they get him into court. They think the public is so good at forgetting that it does not remember the flop they had to make in order to escape the rising feeling of the citizens in the matter.

The city papers are getting on to the curves of the little calf in the mayor's chair. His automobile trip with its showman get-up and streamers bearing the words "Mayor of Milwaukee," has come in for no little ridicule. The *News* gave him a deserved shot in connection with the aldermanic ball game, saying that he timed his return to Milwaukee so as to come upon the grounds after the people were all well seated and he could make a display of his porky little carcass. But the dramatic climax to his trip did not materialize, the *News* says. "He didn't get a hand, although he gaudied in full view of the audience and made every play for an ovation." Becker is also given an editorial shot in connection with his advertised appearance at an Illinois Chautauqua along with Carrie Nation. It assures the Chautauqua people that the boy wonder will not fail to appear, and that his appearance before the youth of the place should be a turning point in their lives and show them the way to greatness. All the young man needs to do, it says, is to "gird up his cheek and go forth to battle possessed of the statesman's secret of success." We fear the irony of the editorial will be lost on the boy wonder, however.

The *Journal* sails into the young porker editorially. "If he could hear the comments of his fellow townsmen upon the manner in which he has been making Milwaukee ridiculous in the eyes of the country by his placarded automobile, he would not feel so chirpy and acacular as he manifestly does," it says, and then adds to its comment on mayors who run away from their duties. "There are various types of citizenship. One kind runs away from responsibility."

The *Free Press* has also been prodding the kid considerably of late, and the *Sentinel* hasn't been very enthusiastic over him. Such is money-purchased greatness!

That Sheriff Cary's campaign methods are getting malodorous, needs hardly to be said. In a little pamphlet just issued he comes out with the out-and-out untruth that Ald. Seidel and ex-Ald. Heath had personally endorsed his work in the city council.

The fact is that he was only in the council a short time after the Social-Democrats entered that body, so that he had very little chance to vote on their measures. Yet the time was not so short but that he stands recorded as voting to censure Ald. Heath, one of the most brazen pieces of legislative impudence ever attempted here or anywhere else in America.

Yet he has the nerve to put in print the lie that Comrade Heath approved his work in the council.

The editor of the *Evening Wisconsin* tries to make himself believe that the trade unions are standing in the way of progress when they ask that the government make no contract with the local street railway octopus for carrying the mails unless there is a clause, inserted that it shall not be hindering during such times as there are labor conflicts on the lines. Has the editor forgotten the street railway strike of 1896 and the fact that the public verdict was with the men (who in all humanity deserved living wages) and that the public submitted to no end of inconvenience in boycotting the cars and riding in buses to help the men to win? And will the *Evening Wisconsin* editor deny that if there had been a contract in force at that time for the carrying of the government mails on the cars that some judge would have been found to enjoin the men and paralyze their strike? Thus by a misuse of the power of the government a just strike, which the public sympathized in, would have ended immediately in favor of the company.

Labor wants no such masked partnerships entered into by Uncle Sam, and has simply demanded that if a contract is made with the company there shall be a reservation which will prevent the foxy Mr. Beggs, and the foxy, sleek-dressed stockholders back of him, from using a government contract for strike-breaking purposes, in case the men should in the future be able to outwit Mr. Beggs and organize a union.

The best service known to the Art at the time the apparatus is installed, is guaranteed by the **MILWAUKEE INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE COMPANY**. We are not promoting the sale of any type of telephone apparatus but will use the best the market affords.

## The Milwaukee Independent Telephone Co.

Represents the largest Independent Telephone interests of Wisconsin and is a subsidiary company of the Consolidated Telephone Company of Buffalo, N. Y., an independent company operating 42,000 independent telephones, together with the long distance lines from Syracuse, N. Y., to Erie, Pa., and connecting with other independent long distance lines to Kansas City and St. Louis, Mo., and throughout the intermediate territory.

**An OPERATING INDEPENDENT COMPANY Which Has NEVER SOLD a FRANCHISE or a PLANT in Which It Was Interested.**

**ITS DIRECTORS ARE:**

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W. W. CARGILL, La Crosse, president of the W. W. Cargill Co., grain elevators, and vice president of the La Crosse Independent Telephone Co.	H. D. CRITCHFIELD of the Consolidated Telephone Co.
J. C. HARPER, Madison, president of the Dane County Telephone Co.	HOWARD GREENE, president of the Fidelity Trust Company and president of Jerman, Pfueger & Kuchnast Co.
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RICHARD VALENTINE, Janesville, president of the Rock County Telephone Co., and president of the Wisconsin Independent Telephone Association.	GEORGE P. MAYER, president of the F. Mayer Boot and Shoe Co.
J. S. VAN NORTWICK, Appleton, president of the Appleton Paper and Pulp Co., and president of the Fox River Valley Telephone and Telegraph Co., representing the independent companies of the State, and following citizens of Milwaukee:	WILMER SIEG, of Grossbach & Co., Commission merchants.
CLIFFORD ARBICK.	E. A. WADHAMS, president of the Wadham's Oil Co.
	RICHARD G. WAGNER, president of the Wisconsin Sugar Co.
	J. B. WHITNALL, president of the Pennsylvania Coal and Supply Co.

THE MONEY TO BUILD THIS PLANT IS PROVIDED. IT IS NOT A PROMOTION PROPOSITION. WE ARE READY TO BEGIN CONSTRUCTION WORK IMMEDIATELY AFTER REACHING AN AGREEMENT WITH THE CITY AUTHORITIES.

## MILWAUKEE INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE CO.

By H. D. CRITCHFIELD, President.

### Alleged Police Brutality.

A glimpse of alleged police methods in civilized Milwaukee is given by the account of a recent experience of Charles J. Ayoub, a former cigarmaker who is operating a photograph gallery at 1121 Vliet street. He has a brother in Grand Rapids, and a brother of his brother in law, Michael Koory, is alleged to have failed in his payments on a talking machine which he purchased. This man came to Milwaukee, either through ignorance or dishonesty, and a deputy sheriff named W. D. Kennedy came to Milwaukee a week ago, it having been suspected that the missing phonograph had been brought here also. He was armed with a warrant for Koory, but as Ayoub had been sent a box of tools by his brother in law recently there was suspicion that the phonograph might have been smuggled out of Grand Rapids in that way. Saturday morning Kennedy and Detective Schweitzer of the local police called at Ayoub's gallery and pretended they wanted a picture taken. Schweitzer did the posing, but when he gave his name as Joe Smith of Chicago, Ayoub, who knew him by sight asked him if that was his real name, and the two men then admitted that they had called for and asked Ayoub to go to the police station with them. He denied any knowledge of the missing phonograph, and as he was leaving with them placed the bill of lading for the box of tools in his pocket so as to have the evidence with him. Ayoub claims he was taken to the station, made to sit there from 10:30 in the morning till 3 o'clock in the afternoon without food, during which time the two men were out looking for Koory. On their return he demanded to be released and to be allowed to secure something to eat, but was told, he says, "we are not through with you yet," and was then taken down to the cell room and locked up. He demanded the right to telephone John Reichert, secretary of the Cigarmakers' union, but was refused, but was finally given a dinner and made to pay 35 cents for it, he says. Meantime, acting on the theory that he knew all about the phonograph matter, he was questioned, and finally, he says, Kennedy offered him ten dollars if he would tell about it.

He was kept in the cell until 11 o'clock Sunday morning, required to sleep on a board and share a damp cell with rats. Then Kennedy told him that if he could help them locate Koory they would let him go. He went with them and traced Koory's whereabouts on a boarding house on Fifth street to a place where he was visiting on Market street, and as soon as the officers got their man they turned him loose.

Ayoub is very indignant at the manner in which he was treated. He took a lawyer with him to the station Monday but aside from the fact that the chief of the inspector admitted that they had had a telegram from Grand Rapids saying they had got the wrong man, he could get no satisfaction, he says, nor find who had the bill of lading that had been taken from his pocket.

### STATE OF WISCONSIN—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

COUNTY COURT—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of PETER HERBOLD, Deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of PETER HERBOLD, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said County of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to PETER J. HERBOLD by this Court.

IT IS ORDERED, That the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of April A. D. 1907, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said PETER HERBOLD, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That all claims and demands of all persons against the said PETER HERBOLD, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Room in the County House in the city of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of June, 1907, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That all claims and demands of all persons against the said PETER HERBOLD, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at its Court Room in the County House in the city of Milwaukee, in said County, at the regular term thereof appointed to be held on the first Tuesday of June, 1907, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1906.

By the Court, PAUL D. CARPENTER, County Judge.

WIDWIDE & MENING, Attorneys of Counsel.

## Robert Kenngott

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Tuesday, Sept. 4th. 19th and Wells Sts.  
Wednesday, Sept. 5th. 612 First Ave.  
Thursday, Sept. 6th.  
Private Lessons. Private Classes. Children's Classes.  
Telephone Grand 2207.  
Tuition—Gentlemen, 10 Cents. Ladies, 15 Cents. \$4.00.  
PROP. A. G. WIRTH, Res. 114 15th St.  
Ex. President Am. Nat. Association Masters of Dancing.  
Member British Association of London, England.  
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Day and night classes in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering. Special course in Mechanical Drawing and Mathematics.  
Practical Work in Our Laboratories and Workshop.  
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